

HYDERABAD INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND MANAGEMENT									
B.TECH. HR-21 COURSE STRUCTURE									
MECHANICAL ENGINEERING									
(Applicable for the batch admitted from 2021-22 onwards)									
V – Semester (III – Year)									
S. No.	Course code	Subject	Hours Per Week			Credits	Scheme of Evaluation		
			L	T	P		Maximum Marks		
							Int.	Ext.	Tot.
1	21PC5ME12	Dynamics of Machinery	3	-	-	3	30	70	100
2	21PC5ME13	Thermal Engineering-II	3	-	-	3	30	70	100
3	21PC5ME14	Metrology & Machine Tools	3	-	-	3	30	70	100
4	21PC5ME15	Design of Machine Members-I	3	-	-	3	30	70	100
5		<b>Professional Elective-1</b>	3	-	-	3	30	70	100
6		<b>Open Elective-1</b>	3	-	-	3	30	70	100
7	21PC5ME16	Metrology & Machine Tools Lab	-	-	2	1	30	70	100
8	21PC5ME17	Thermal Engineering Lab	-	-	2	1	30	70	100
9	21PC5ME18	Kinematics & Dynamics Lab	-	-	2	1	30	70	100
10	21PR5IN02	Internship-2	-	-	2	1	100	0	100
<b>TOTAL</b>						<b>22</b>	<b>370</b>	<b>630</b>	<b>1000</b>
Non Credit Courses									
11	21MC5HS03	Analytical Reasoning	2	-	-	0	100	0	<b>100</b>
VI – Semester (III – Year)									
S. No.	Course code	Subject	Hours Per Week			Credits	Scheme of Evaluation		
			L	T	P		Maximum Marks		
							Int.	Ext.	Tot.
1	21PC6ME19	Design of Machine Members-II	3	-	-	3	30	70	100
2	21PC6ME20	Heat Transfer	3	1	-	3	30	70	100
3	21PC6ME21	CAD/CAM	3	-	-	3	30	70	100
4	21PC6ME22	Machining Science	3	-	-	3	30	70	100
5		<b>Professional Elective-II</b>	3	-	-	3	30	70	100
6		<b>Open elective-2</b>	3	-	-	3	30	70	100
7	21PC6ME24	Computer-Aided Engineering and Manufacturing Lab	-	-	2	1	30	70	100
8	21PC6ME23	Heat Transfer-Lab	-	-	2	1	30	70	100
9	21HS6EG05	Advanced English Communication Skills-Lab	-	-	2	1	30	70	100
10	21PR6ME02	<b>Doing Engineering-2</b>	-	-	2	1	30	70	100
<b>TOTAL</b>						<b>22</b>	<b>300</b>	<b>700</b>	<b>1000</b>
Non Credit Courses									
11	21MC6HS04	Quantitative Aptitude	2	-	-	0	100	0	<b>100</b>

<b>PE-1 Code</b>	<b>Professional Elective-I</b>
21PE5ME11	Operations Research
21PE5ME12	Industrial Robotics
21PE5ME13	Mechanical Vibrations
21PE5ME14	Machine Tool Design

<b>PE-2 Code</b>	<b>Professional Elective-II</b>
21PE6ME21	Un Conventional Machining Processes
21PE6ME22	Production Planning & Control
21PE6ME23	Machining Science
21PE6ME24	Composite Materials

<b>Sl.no</b>	<b>SUBJECT CODE</b>	<b>Open Elective-I</b>	<b>Offering Department</b>
1	21OE6CS06	Computer Organization and Architecture	CSE
2	21OE5EC01	Electronics measurement & Instrumentation	ECE
3	21OE5ME01	Hybrid & Electric Vehicles	MECH
4	21OE5EE01	Fundamentals of Electric Circuit Analysis	EEE
5	21OE5HS01	Nanoscience and Technology	H&S
6	21OE5CM01	Introduction to Artificial Intelligence	CSE-AI&ML
7	21OE5CD01	Statistics for Data Science	CSE-DS
8	21OE5CO01	Introduction to IoT	CSE-IOT
9	21OE5CC01	Data Security	CSE-CS

<b>Sl.no</b>	<b>SUBJECT CODE</b>	<b>Open Elective-II</b>	<b>Offering Department</b>
1	21OE5CS09	OOPS using Java	CSE
2	21OE6EC02	Fundamentals of Digital Electronics	ECE
3	21OE6ME02	Total Quality Measurement & Six Sigma Applications	MECH
4	21OE6EE02	Fundamentals of Industrial Electronics	EEE

5	21OE6HS02	Medical Instrumentation	H&S
6	21OE6CM06	Expert Systems	CSE-AI
7	21OE6CD02	Data Mining and Data Analytics	CSE-DS
8	21OE6CO05	Sensors & Devices	CSE-IOT
9	21OE6CC02	Computer Hardware and System Essentials	CSE-CS

**B. Tech III Year–I Sem****L T P C****Subject Code: 21PC5ME12****3 0 0 3****DYNAMICS OF MACHINERY****Pre-requisite:** Kinematics of Machinery**Course Objectives:**

1. The objective is to introduce some of the components mainly used in IC Engines and make analysis of various forces involved
2. Subjects deals with topics like inertia forces in slider crank mechanism; IC Engine components & the analysis like governors is introduced
3. It also deals with balancing of rotating & reciprocating parts. Studies are made about balancing of multi cylinder engines, Radial engines etc
4. Study of primary & secondary forces are considered while balancing. Finally they are introduced to the topic of vibrations.
5. The study deals with linear, longitudinal, & torsional vibrations.

**Module I**

**Precession:** Gyroscopes – effect of precession – motion on the stability of moving vehicles such as motorcycle – motorcar – aero planes and ships.

**Static and Dynamic Force Analysis:** Static force analysis of planar mechanisms – Analytical Method – Dynamic Force Analysis – D’Alembert’s principle, Dynamic Analysis of 4-link mechanism, Slider Crank Mechanism.

**Module II**

**Engine Force Analysis :** Engine force analysis – Piston Effort, Crank Effort, etc., Inertia Force in Reciprocating Engine – Graphical Method

**Turning Moment Diagram and Flywheels:** Turning moment diagram – fluctuation of energy – flywheels and their design - Inertia of connecting rod- inertia force in reciprocating engines – crank effort and torque diagrams.

**Module III**

**Friction:** Pivots and collars – uniform pressure, uniform wear – friction circle and friction axis: lubricated surfaces – boundary friction – film lubrication. Clutches – Types – Single plate, multi-plate and cone clutches

**Brakes and Dynamometers:** Types of brakes: Simple block brake, band and block brake, internal expanding shoe brake-effect of braking of a vehicle. Dynamometers – absorption and transmission types. General description and methods of operation.

**Module IV**

**Governors:**Types of governors - Watt, Porter and Proell governors. Spring loaded governors –Hartnell and Hartung with auxiliary springs. Sensitiveness, isochronisms and hunting – stability – effort and power of the governors.

**Balancing:**Balancing of rotating masses- Primary, Secondary, and higher balancing of reciprocating masses. Analytical and graphical methods. Unbalanced forces and couples. Examination of “V” and multi cylinder in-line and radial engines for primary and secondary balancing- locomotive balancing –Hammer blow – Swaying couple – variation of tractive effort.

**Module V**

**Vibrations:**Free Vibration of mass attached to vertical spring – Transverse loads – vibrations of beams with concentrated and distributed loads.

**Applications of Vibrations:**Dunkerly’s method – Raleigh’s method. Whirling of shafts – critical speed – torsional vibrations – one, two and three rotor systems.

**Text Books:**

1. Theory of Machines and Mechanisms(John J. Uicker, Gordon R. Pennock, Joseph E Shingley ).
2. Theory of Machines" by Rattan S S.
3. Theory of Machines" by Thomas Bevan

**Reference Books:**

1. Theory of Machines: Kinematics and Dynamics by Sadhu Singh.
2. Theory Of Mechanisms Machines" by A Ghosh.
3. Dynamics of machinery by S. Balaguru.

**Web resource:**

[https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLf-VAO7xqD8f1PdfkWG2tL56rAdBn2-\\_1](https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLf-VAO7xqD8f1PdfkWG2tL56rAdBn2-_1)

**Course Outcomes:**

- CO1 –Analyze the gyroscopic couple and the static and dynamic force in mechanical systems.
- CO2 – Analyze the fluctuation of energy stored in flywheel.
- CO3 – Design clutches, brakes and dynamometers and analyze speed range of governors.
- CO4 – Analyze the fundamental concepts of vibrating system to predict the natural frequency and estimate the frequency of damped and forced vibrating systems.

<b>CO-PO/PSO Mapping Chart</b> (3/2/1 indicates strength of correlation) 3 – High; 2 – Medium; 1 - Low														
<b>Course Outcomes (COs)</b>	<b>Program Outcomes (POs)</b>												<b>Program Specific Outcomes*</b>	
	<b>PO 1</b>	<b>PO 2</b>	<b>PO 3</b>	<b>PO 4</b>	<b>PO 5</b>	<b>PO 6</b>	<b>PO 7</b>	<b>PO 8</b>	<b>PO 9</b>	<b>PO 10</b>	<b>PO 11</b>	<b>PO 12</b>	<b>PSO 1</b>	<b>PSO 2</b>
<b>CO1</b>	3	3	3										2	
<b>CO2</b>	3	2	3										2	
<b>CO3</b>	3	3	3										2	
<b>CO4</b>	3	2	3										2	

\* If more PSOs are there in a particular branch, required no of columns can be added.

**B. Tech III Year–I Sem****L T P C****Subject Code: 21PC5ME13****3 0 0 3****THERMAL ENGINEERING-II****Note:** Steam Table book Permitted.**Pre-requisite:** Thermodynamics**Course Objectives:**

1. To Apply the laws of Thermodynamics
2. To Analyze steam and gas turbine cycles
3. To perform analysis of the major components of steam and gas turbine plants and their applications.
4. To Explain Jet and Rocket propulsion principles.

**Module I**

**Steam Power Plant:** Rankine cycle - Schematic layout, Thermodynamic Analysis, Concept of Mean Temperature of Heat addition, Methods to improve cycle performance–Regeneration& reheating.

**Boilers :**Classification – Working principles with sketches including H.P.Boilers – Mountings and Accessories – Working principles- Boiler horse power, Equivalent Evaporation, Efficiency and Heat balance – Draught- Classification. Chimney Significance.

**Module-II**

**Steam Nozzles:**Stagnation Properties- Function of nozzle – Applications and Types- Flow throughnozzles-Thermodynamicanalysis–Assumptions-Velocityofnozzleatexit-Idealandactualexpansionin nozzle- Velocity coefficient.

**Condition for maximum discharge:** Critical pressure ratio- Supersaturated flow, its effects, Degree of supersaturation and Degree of under cooling-Wilson line.

**Module III**

**Steam Turbines:**Classification – Impulse turbine; Mechanical details – Velocity diagram – Effect of friction–Power developed, Axial thrust, Blade or diagram efficiency–Condition for maximum efficiency. De-Laval Turbine - its features- Methods to reduce rotor speed- Velocity compounding and Pressure compounding Velocity and Pressure variation along the flow–Combined velocity diagram for a velocity compounded impulse turbine.

**Reaction Turbine:**Mechanical details – Principle of operation, Thermodynamic analysis of a stage, Degree of reaction–Velocity diagram–Parson’s reaction turbine–Condition for maximum efficiency.

**Module IV**

**Steam Condensers :** Requirements of steam condensing plant– Classification of condensers –Working principle of different types – Vacuum efficiency and Condenser efficiency, Air pump-Cooling water requirement.

**Gas Turbines:** Simple gas turbine plant – Ideal cycle, essential components – Parameters of performance – Actual cycle – Regeneration, Inter cooling and Reheating –Closed and Semi-closed cycles–Merits and Demerits.

**Module-V**

**Jet Propulsion:** Principle of Operation –Classification of jet propulsive engines – Working Principles with schematic diagrams and representation on T-S diagram - Thrust, Thrust Power and Propulsion Efficiency– Turbo jet engines – Needs and Demands met by Turbo jet – Schematic Diagram, Thermodynamic Cycle, Performance Evaluation,

**Rockets:** Application – Working Principle – Classification – Propellant Type – Thrust, Propulsive Efficiency–Specific Impulse – Solid and Liquid propellant Rocket Engines.

**Textbooks:**

1. Gas Turbine Theory/ Saravanamuttoo, Cohen, Rogers/ Pearson.
2. Fundamentals of Engineering Thermodynamics / Rathakrishnan/ PHI.
3. Thermodynamics: An Engineering Approach" by Yunus A. Cengel and Michael A. Boles published by McGraw Hill Education.

**Reference Books:**

1. Thermal Engineering / Mahesh M Rathore/ Mc Graw Hill.
2. Gas Turbines – V. Ganesan /Mc Graw Hill.
3. Gas Turbine Theory by H.I.H. Saravanamuttoo, G.F.C. Rogers, and H. Cohen. This book, published by Pearson Education.

**Course Outcomes:** At the end of the course the student should be able to

- CO1 – Develop state – space diagrams based on the schematic diagrams of process flow of steam and gas turbine plants
- CO2 – Differentiate between vapor power cycles and gas power cycles
- CO3 – Infer from property charts and tables and to apply the data for the evaluation of performance parameters of the steam and gas turbine plants.
- CO4 – Explain the operating principles of Jet and Rockets.

<b>CO-PO/PSO Mapping Chart</b> (3/2/1 indicates strength of correlation) 3 – High; 2 – Medium; 1 - Low														
<b>Course Outcomes (COs)</b>	<b>Program Outcomes (POs)</b>												<b>Program Specific Outcomes*</b>	
	<b>PO 1</b>	<b>PO 2</b>	<b>PO 3</b>	<b>PO 4</b>	<b>PO 5</b>	<b>PO 6</b>	<b>PO 7</b>	<b>PO 8</b>	<b>PO 9</b>	<b>PO 10</b>	<b>PO 11</b>	<b>PO 12</b>	<b>PSO 1</b>	<b>PSO 2</b>
<b>CO1</b>	3	3	2	2									3	1
<b>CO2</b>	3	2	2										3	1
<b>CO3</b>	3	3	3	2									3	1
<b>CO4</b>	3	2	2										3	1

\* If more PSOs are there in a particular branch, required no of columns can be added.

<b>B. Tech III Year–I Sem</b>	<b>L</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>P</b>	<b>C</b>
<b>Subject Code: 21PC5ME14</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>3</b>

### **METROLOGY AND MACHINE TOOLS**

**Pre-requisites:** Engineering Prototype, Production Technology, Metallurgy and Material science,

**Course Objectives:**

The course content enables students to:

1. Acquire the knowledge of Engineering metrology and its practice which is having increasing importance in industry.
2. Specifically make the student to improve applications aspect in the measurements and control of process of manufacture
3. Impart the fundamental aspects of the metal cutting principles and their application in studying the behaviour of various machining processes.
4. Train in knowing the fundamental parts of various machine tools and their kinematic schemes.

**Module I**

**Introduction to Metal cutting:** Introduction, elements of cutting process, single point cutting tools and multi point cutting tools, Chip formation.

**Lathe Machines:** Engine lathe – Principle of working, types of lathe, specifications. Taper turning,– Lathe attachments. Capstan and Turret lathe – Single spindle and multi-spindle automatic lathes – tool layouts.

**Module II**

**Drilling Machines:** Drilling Machines – Principles of working, specifications, types, operations performed; twist drill.

**Boring Machines, shaping slotting and Planning Machines:** Boring Machines, Types of Boring machines and applications. Shaping, slotting and planning machines –Principles of working.

**Module III**

**Milling and grinding machines:** Principles of working – Types of milling machines – Geometry of milling cutters methods of indexing. Grinding – theory of grinding – classification of grinding machines. Types of abrasives, bonds.

**Lapping and Honing:** Lapping, honing and broaching machines, comparison and Constructional features.

**Module IV**

**Limits, fits and tolerances:** Limits, fits and tolerances- Types of Fits - Unilateral and bilateral tolerance system, hole and shaft basis system. Interchangeability and selective assembly.

**Limit Gauges:** Taylor's principle, Design of GO and NO-GO gauges, Measurement of angles using Bevel protractor and Sine bar. Measurement of flatness using straight edges, surface plates, optical flat and auto collimator.

**Module V**

**Surface Roughness Measurement:** Surface Roughness Measurement: Roughness, Waviness. CLA, RMS, Rz Values. Methods of measurement of surface finish, Talysurf.

**Screw thread, Gear Measurement and Coordinate Measuring Machines:** Screw thread measurement, Gear measurement, Machine Tool Alignment Tests on lathe, milling and drilling machines. Coordinate Measuring Machines.

**Text Books:**

1. Machine Tool Practices/ Kibbe, John. Neely, T. White, Rolando O. Meyer/ Pearson
2. Fundamentals of Metal Machining and Machine Tools / Geoffrey Boothroyd / McGraw Hill
3. Metrology and Measurement/ Bewoor& Kulkarni/ Tata Mc Graw Hill

**Reference Books:**

1. Principles of Machine Tools, Bhattacharyya A and Sen.G.C / New Central Book Agency.
2. Fundamentals of Dimensional Metrology / Connie Dotson / Thomson
3. Engineering Metrology/ R.K. Jain/ Khanna Publishers
4. Principles of Engineering Metrology/ Rega Rajendra/ Jaico Publishers.
5. Workshop Technology by Hazra Chowdary.

**Online References:**

<http://www.digimat.in/nptel/courses/video/112105233/L13.html>

<https://nptel.ac.in/courses/112105233>



<b>B. Tech III Year–I Sem</b>	<b>L</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>P</b>	<b>C</b>
<b>Subject Code: 21PC5ME15</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>3</b>

### **DESIGN OF MACHINE MEMBERS-I**

**Pre-requisite:** Mechanics of Solids, Material Science, Engg. Mathematics

**Note:** Design Data books are permitted in the Examinations. The design must not only satisfy strength criteria but also rigidity criteria.

**Course Objectives:**

1. To understand the general design procedures and principles in the design of machine elements.
2. To study different materials of construction and their properties and factors determining the selection of material for various applications.
3. To determine stresses under different loading conditions.
4. To learn the design procedure of different fasteners, joints, shafts and couplings.

**Module I**

**Introduction:** General considerations in the design of Engineering Materials and their properties – selection –Manufacturing consideration in design. Tolerances and fits –BIS codes of steel.

**Design for Static Strength:** Simple stresses, Torsional and Bending stresses – Impact stresses – Stress-strain relation – Various theories of failure – Factor of safety – Design for strength and rigidity, preferred numbers.

**Module II**

**Design for Fatigue Strength:** Stress concentration–Theoretical stress Concentration factor– Fatigue stress concentration factor- Notch Sensitivity.

**Design for fluctuating stresses:** Endurance limit – Estimation of Endurance strength – Gerber’s curve– Goodman’s line– Soderberg’s line.

**Module III**

**Riveted joints:**

Methods of failure of riveted joints-strength equations-efficiency of riveted joints-eccentrically loaded riveted joints.

**Welded joints:** Design of fillet welds-axial loads-circular fillet welds under bending, torsion. Welded joints under eccentric loading.

**Module IV:**

**Design of Keys and cotter joint:** Design of keys-stresses in keys-cottered joints-spigot and socket, sleeve and cotter

**Knuckle Joints:** Design of Knuckle joints and types of knuckle Joints.

**Module V**

**Shafts:** Design of solid and hollow shafts for strength and rigidity – Design of shafts for combined bending and axial loads – Shaft sizes – BIS code.

**Shaft Couplings:** Rigid couplings, Muff, Split muff and Flange couplings. Flexible couplings – Flange coupling (Modified).

**Text Books:**

1. Design of Machine Elements - V. B. Bhandari
2. Mechanical Engineering Design by Shigley, Budynas & Nisbett
3. Design of Machine Elements by Dr. Sadhu sign

**Reference Books:**

1. Fundamentals of Machine Component Design by Robert C Juvinall
2. Machine design by Zinadal
3. Machine design by Bear and Jhonson

**Web Resources:**

<https://nptel.ac.in/courses/112106137>

<https://www.coursera.org/learn/machine-design>

**Course Outcomes:**

- CO1 – Explain the principles of design, material selection, component behaviour subjected to loads, and criteria of failure.
- CO2 – Apply the knowledge of principal stresses, machine members' stress concentration, and fatigue loading.
- CO3 – Analyse the stresses produced in welded and riveted joints.
- CO4 – Design different fasteners, joints, keys, shafts and couplings.

<b>CO-PO/PSO Mapping Chart</b> (3/2/1 indicates the strength of correlation) 3 – High; 2 – Medium; 1 –Low														
<b>Course Outcomes (COs)</b>	<b>Program Outcomes (POs)</b>												<b>Program Specific Outcomes*</b>	
	<b>PO 1</b>	<b>PO 2</b>	<b>PO 3</b>	<b>PO 4</b>	<b>PO 5</b>	<b>PO 6</b>	<b>PO 7</b>	<b>PO 8</b>	<b>PO 9</b>	<b>PO 10</b>	<b>PO 11</b>	<b>PO 12</b>	<b>PSO 1</b>	<b>PSO 2</b>
<b>CO1</b>	3	2	2										2	
<b>CO2</b>	3	2	2										2	
<b>CO3</b>	3	2	2		1								2	
<b>CO4</b>	3	2	2		1								2	

\* If more PSOs are there in a particular branch, the required no of columns can be added.

**B. Tech III Year–I Sem****L T P C****Subject Code: 21PC5ME17****0 0 2 1****METROLOGY AND MACHINE TOOLS LAB**

**Pre-requisite:** Production Technology Lab, MMS Lab and Theoretical exposure to Metrology and machine tools.

**Course Objectives:**

1. To impart practical exposure to the metrology equipment & Machine Tools
2. To conduct experiments and understand the working of the same.
3. Specifically make the student to improve applications aspect in the measurements and control of process of manufacture.
4. Acquire the knowledge of Engineering metrology and its practice which is having increasing importance in industry.

**PART-A****Machine Tools:**

**Any SEVEN experiments need to be performed.**

1. Step turning and Taper turning on lathe machine (2 exercises)
2. Thread cutting and knurling on lathe machine (2 exercises)
3. Measurement of cutting forces on lathe
4. Drilling and Tapping
5. Planning and Shaping
6. Slotting
7. Gear cutting on the Milling machine
8. Grinding of Tool angles using Tool and Cutter Grinder.
9. Surface Grinding
10. Cylindrical Grinding

**PART-B****Metrology:**

**Any FIVE Experiments need to be performed.**

1. Measurement of lengths, heights, diameters by vernier calipers, micrometers.
2. Measurement of Diameter of bores by internal micrometers and dial bore indicators.
3. Use of gear teeth vernier calipers for checking the chordal addendum and chordal height of the spur gear.
4. Angle and taper measurements by bevel protractor and sine bars.

5. Thread measurement by 2-wire and 3-wire methods.
6. Surface roughness measurement by Tally Surf.
7. Use of mechanical comparator.

**Text Books:**

1. Machine Tool Practices/ Kibbe, John. Neely, T. White, Rolando O. Meyer/ Pearson
2. Engineering Metrology/ R.K. Jain/ Khanna Publishers

**Reference Books:**

1. Principles of Machine Tools, Bhattacharyya A and Sen.G.C / New Central Book Agency.
2. Fundamentals of Dimensional Metrology / Connie Dotson / Thomson
3. Fundamentals of Metal Machining and Machine Tools / Geoffrey Boothroyd / McGraw Hill
4. Principles of Engineering Metrology/ Rega Rajendra/ Jaico Publishers.
5. Metrology and Measurement/ Bewoor& Kulkarni/ Tata Mc Graw Hill

**Online References:**

<http://www.digimat.in/nptel/courses/video/112105233/L13.html>

**Course Outcomes:** At the end of the course the student should be able to

1. Demonstrate the knowledge of lathe machines to perform turning, facing, and threading operations.
2. Understand Practical exposure on flat surface machining, milling and grinding operations.
3. Apply the procedures to measure length, width, depth, bore Diameters, internal and external tapers and surface
4. Measure angle using Sine Bar/ Bevel Protractor.

<b>CO-PO/PSO Mapping Chart</b> (3/2/1 indicates strength of correlation) 3 – High; 2 – Medium; 1 - Low														
Course Outcomes (COs)	Program Outcomes (POs)												Program Specific Outcomes*	
	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12	PSO 1	PSO 2
<b>CO1</b>	3	3				2							1	
<b>CO2</b>	3	2				2							1	1
<b>CO3</b>	3	3				2							1	
<b>CO4</b>	3	3				1							1	

<b>B. Tech III Year–I Sem</b>	<b>L</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>P</b>	<b>C</b>
<b>Subject Code: 21PC5ME16</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>1</b>

### **THERMAL ENGINEERING LAB**

**Pre-requisite:** Thermodynamics & Thermal Engineering - I

**Course Objectives:**

1. To explain working principles of IC Engines.
2. To explain working principles of Air compressor.
3. To explain different components of SI & CI Engines.
4. To demonstrate different boilers, Heat balance on CI engine.

**List of Experiments**

1. I.C. Engines Valve / Port Timing Diagrams
2. I.C. Engines Performance Test for 4 Stroke SI engines
3. I.C. Engines Performance Test for 2 Stroke SI engines
4. I.C. Engines Morse, Retardation, Motoring Tests
5. I.C. Engine Heat Balance – CI/SI Engines
6. I.C. Engines Economical speed Test on a SI engine
7. I.C. Engines effect of A/F Ratio in a SI engine
8. Study of Electric Vehicles.
9. IC engine Performance Test on a 4S CI Engine at constant speed
10. Volumetric efficiency of Air – Compressor
11. Study of S.I & C.I Engine components
12. Study of Boilers

**Note:** Perform any 10 out of the 12 Exercises

**Course Outcomes:**

**At the end of the course the student should be able to**

- CO1 – Conduct performance analysis of SI & CI engines.
- CO2 – Analyze Valve/Port diagram
- CO3 – Demonstrate different Morse, Retardation, Motoring on CI engine and Economical speed Test on SI engine.
- CO4 – Explain operating principle of Boilers.

<b>CO-PO/PSO Mapping Chart</b> (3/2/1 indicates strength of correlation) 3 – High; 2 – Medium; 1 - Low														
<b>Course Outcomes (COs)</b>	<b>Program Outcomes (POs)</b>												<b>Program Specific Outcomes*</b>	
	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12	PSO 1	PSO 2
<b>CO1</b>	3	3	1	2									3	1
<b>CO2</b>	3	2	1	2									3	1
<b>CO3</b>	3	3	1	2									3	1
<b>CO4</b>	3	2	1	2									3	1

\* If more PSOs are there in a particular branch, required no of columns can be added.

**B. Tech III Year–I Sem****L T P C****Subject Code: 21PC5ME18****0 0 2 1****KINEMATICS AND DYNAMICS LAB****Pre-requisites:**

Prerequisites for the graduate-level course are Kinematics of machines, Dynamics of machines.

**Course Objectives:**

The objective of the lab is to

1. Understand the kinematics and dynamics of mechanical elements
2. Design mechanical elements to accomplish desired motions or tasks.

**List of Experiments:**

**Note: (A Minimum of 10 experiments are to be conducted)**

1. To determine the state of balance of machines for primary and secondary forces
2. To determine the frequency of torsional vibration of a given rod
3. Determine the effect of varying mass on the centre of sleeve in porter and proell governor
4. Find the motion of the follower if the given profile of the cam
5. The balance masses statically and dynamically for single rotating mass systems
6. Determine the critical speed of a given shaft for different n-conditions
7. For a simple pendulum determine time period and its natural frequency
8. For a compound pendulum determine time period and its natural frequency
9. Determine the effect of gyroscope for different motions
10. Determine time period, amplitude and frequency of undamped free longitudinal vibration of single degree spring mass systems.
11. Determine the pressure distribution of lubricating oil at various load and speed of a Journal bearing.
12. Determine time period, amplitude and frequency of damped free longitudinal vibration of single degree spring mass systems

**Course Outcomes:** At the end of the course the student should be able to

1. Understand types of motion
2. Analyze forces and torques of components in linkages

3. Understand static and dynamic balance
4. Understand forward and inverse kinematics of open-loop mechanisms

### CO-PO Mapping

<b>CO-PO/PSO Mapping Chart</b> (3/2/1 indicates strength of correlation) 3 – High; 2 – Medium; 1 - Low														
Course Outcomes (COs)	Program Outcomes (POs)												Program Specific Outcomes*	
	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12	PSO 1	PSO 2
<b>CO1</b>	3	2											2	
<b>CO2</b>	3	2											2	
<b>CO3</b>	3	2											2	
<b>CO4</b>	3	2											2	

L T P C

**B.Tech III Year – V Semester****Subject Code: 21MC5HS03****1 0 0 0****Analytical Reasoning****(Common to CSE/EEE/ECE/CSM/CSD/CSC/CSO/ME)****Pre-requisite:** Nil**Course Objectives:**

1. Improve logical thinking to solve various questions and puzzles in Reasoning.
2. To help the student understand the importance of having his language skills kept ready for effective use
3. To understand the concept of employability skills
4. To enrich their problem solving, critical and analytical skills

**Course Outcomes:**

1. Improve logical thinking to solve various questions and puzzles in Reasoning.
2. To help the student understand the importance of having his language skills kept ready for effective use
3. To understand the concept of employability skills
4. To enrich their problem solving, critical and analytical skills

**Module I:**

**Coding and Decoding:** Coding and Decoding, Arrow Method, Chinese coding, Series, Analogy, Odd man out

**Articles and Tenses:** Introduction, usage of articles, Omission of Articles, Types of tenses, Forms and Usage of tenses.

**Module II:**

**Direction Sense:** Introduction, Distance method, Facing Method and Shadow Method.

**Blood Relations:** Introduction, Direct, Puzzle and Coded models.

**Module III:**

**Voices and Forms of Speech:** Introduction, conversion of active and passive voice, conversions of direct and indirect speech.

**Module IV:**

**Data Arrangements:** Linear Arrangement, Circular Arrangement, Multiple Arrangements.

**Syllogisms:** Introduction, Tick-Cross method, Inferential Technique, Venn-Diagram method.

**Module V:**

**Visual Reasoning:** Patterns, Folded Images, Cubes and Analytical Reasoning.

**Sentence Correction:** Subject-Verb Agreement, Pronoun Antecedent, Parallelism, Verb-Time Sequence Error, Determiners and Modifiers.

**Text Books:**

1. Quick Learning Objective General English, R.S. Aggarwal, Vikas Aggarwal, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition, S.Chand, 2003.
2. A Modern Approach to Logical Reasoning, R.S. Aggarwal, Revised Edition, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition, S Chand & Co Ltd, 2018.

**Reference Books:**

1. Test of Reasoning for all competitive examinations, Edgar Thorpe, 6<sup>th</sup> Edition, McGraw Hill Education, 2017.
2. How to Prepare for Logical Reasoning for CAT and other Management Examinations, Arun Sharma, 4<sup>th</sup> edition, McGraw Hill Education, 2017.
3. English Grammar and Verbal Reasoning – The Toolkit for Success, SimboNuga, Trafford Publishing, 2013

<b>CO-PO/PSO Mapping Chart</b> (3/2/1 indicates strength of correlation) 3 – High; 2 – Medium; 1 - Low														
<b>Course Outcomes (COs)</b>	<b>Program Outcomes (POs)</b>												<b>Program Specific Outcomes*</b>	
	<b>PO 1</b>	<b>PO 2</b>	<b>PO 3</b>	<b>PO 4</b>	<b>PO 5</b>	<b>PO 6</b>	<b>PO 7</b>	<b>PO 8</b>	<b>PO 9</b>	<b>PO 10</b>	<b>PO 11</b>	<b>PO 12</b>	<b>PSO 1</b>	<b>PSO 2</b>
<b>CO1</b>						1					2	3		
<b>CO2</b>						1					2	3		
<b>CO3</b>						1					2	3		
<b>CO4</b>						1					2	3		

<b>B. Tech III Year–I Sem</b>	<b>L</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>P</b>	<b>C</b>
<b>Subject Code: 21PE5ME11</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>3</b>

### **OPERATIONS RESEARCH (PE-I)**

**Pre-requisite:** Engineering Mathematics, Understanding of a Manufacturing Industry. Python/C programming language knowledge.

#### **Module I**

**Introduction,** Development -definition, and Phases -Types of Models – Operation Research Models and their applications.

**Linear Programming Problem Formulation** –Graphical Solution Simplex Method. Artificial Variable techniques. Two Phase Method, Big M Method. Write a computer Program of one of the methods LPP/Simplex/

#### **Module II**

**Transportation Problem** -Formulation -Optimal Solution, Unbalanced Transportation Degeneracy.

**Assignment Problem:** Formulation – Optimal Solution – Variants of Assignment Problem – Travelling Salesman Problem. Program a problem in one of the processes Transportation/Assignment

#### **Module III**

**Sequencing:** Introduction -Flow -Shop sequencing -njobs through two machines – n jobs through three machines – job shop sequencing – two hobs through m machines

**Replacement:** Introduction – Replacement of items that deteriorate with time- when money value is not counted and counted – Replacement of items that fall completely – Group Replacement.

#### **Module IV**

**Theory of Games:** Introduction-Terminology -Solution of games with saddle points and without saddle points 2 X 2 games – dominance principal -m X 2 & 2 Xn games – Graphical Method

**Inventory:** Introduction -Single Item, Deterministic models – purchase inventory models with one price break and multiple price breaks – Stochastic Models – Demand may be discrete variables or continuous variables – single period model and no setup cost. Write a Program for a problem on the Inventory model.

**Module V**

**Waiting Lines:** Introduction -Terminology – single Channel – Poisson arrivals and Exponential service Times with infinite population.

**Dynamic Programming**

Introduction – Terminology, Bellman’s principle of optimality – Applications of dynamic programming – Shortest path problem – Linear Programming Problem

**Text Books:**

1. Operations Research/J .K. Sharma /Macmilan
2. Introduction to OR/Hillier & Libemann/TMH
3. Operations Research: An Introduction by Taha Hamdy

**Reference Books:**

1. Introduction to OR/Taha/PHI
2. Operations Research/ NVSRaju/ SMS Education/Latest Revision
3. Operations Research/Wagner/ PHI Publications

**Course Outcomes:**

1. Understand Linear Programming Problem
2. Identify variables and formation of the optimization model
3. Apply appropriate optimization techniques
4. Find the solution for the problems

<b>CO-PO/PSO Mapping Chart</b> (3/2/1 indicates strength of correlation) 3 – High; 2 – Medium; 1 - Low														
<b>Course Outcomes (COs)</b>	<b>Program Outcomes (POs)</b>												<b>Program Specific Outcomes*</b>	
	<b>PO 1</b>	<b>PO 2</b>	<b>PO 3</b>	<b>PO 4</b>	<b>PO 5</b>	<b>PO 6</b>	<b>PO 7</b>	<b>PO 8</b>	<b>PO 9</b>	<b>PO 10</b>	<b>PO 11</b>	<b>PO 12</b>	<b>PSO 1</b>	<b>PSO 2</b>
<b>CO1</b>	3	3	3	3									2	
<b>CO2</b>	3	2	3	3									2	
<b>CO3</b>	3	3	3	3									2	
<b>CO4</b>	3	2	3	3									2	

**B. Tech III Year–I Sem****L T P C****Subject Code: 21PE5ME12****3 0 0 3****INDUSTRIAL ROBOTICS (PE-I)****Pre-requisites:** Basic principles of Kinematics and mechanics**Course Objectives:**

The goal of the course is to familiarize the students with the concepts and techniques in robotic engineering, manipulator kinematics, dynamics and control, chose, and incorporate robotic technology in engineering systems.

Make the students acquainted with the theoretical aspects of Robotics.

1. Enable the students to acquire practical experience in the field of Robotics through designprojects and case studies.
2. Make the students to understand the importance of robots in various fields of engineering.Expose the students to various robots and their operational details.

**Module I**

**Introduction:** Automation and Robotics – An over view of Robotics – present and future applications. **Components of the Industrial Robotics:** common types of arms. Components, Architecture, number of degrees of freedom – Requirements and challenges of end effectors,

Design of end effectors, Precision of Movement: Resolution, Accuracy and Repeatability, Speed of Response and Load Carrying Capacity.

**Module II**

**Motion Analysis:** Basic Rotation Matrices, Equivalent Axis and Angle, Euler Angles, Composite Rotation Matrices. Homogeneous transformations as applicable to rotation and translation – problems.

**Manipulator Kinematics**-DH notation-DH method of Assignment of frames-DH Transformation Matrix, joint coordinates and world coordinates, Forward and inverse kinematics – problems on Industrial RoboticManipulators.

**Module III**

**Differential transformation of manipulators,** Jacobians – problems. Dynamics: Lagrange – Euler andNewton – Euler formations – Problems.

**Trajectory planning** and avoidance of obstacles, path planning, Slew motion, joint interpolated motion – straight line motion.

#### **Module IV**

**Robot actuators:** Actuators: Pneumatic, Hydraulic actuators, electric & stepper motors, comparison of Actuators.

#### **Feedback components:**

Feedback components: position sensors – potentiometers, resolvers, encoders – Velocity sensors, Tactile and Range sensors, Force and Torque sensors – EndEffectors and Tools.

#### **Module V**

**Robot Application in Manufacturing:** Material Transfer - Material handling, loading and unloading- Processing - spot and continuous arc welding & spray painting - Assembly and Inspection.

**Robotic Programming Methods** – Languages: Lead Through Programming, Textual Robotic Languages such as APT, MCL ,Introductions to webots ,Robot simulation.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Industrial Robotics / Groover M P /Mc Graw Hill
2. Introduction to Industrial Robotics / Ramachandran Nagarajan / Pearson.
3. Industrial Robotics by Mikell Groover.

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

1. Robot Dynamics and Controls / Spony and Vidyasagar / John Wiley
2. Robot Analysis and control / Asada, Slotine / Wiley Inter-Science
3. Robotics – Fu et al / TMH Publications.

**Course Outcomes:** At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

- CO1** Understand the basic components of robots and its working principle.
- CO2** Understand the selection of activators and sensors based on applications.
- CO3** Identify types of robot configurations and its industrial applications.
- CO4** Analyze forward and inverse kinematics of robot manipulators.

**CO-PO Mapping:**

<b>CO-PO/PSO Mapping Chart</b> (3/2/1 indicates strength of correlation) 3 – High; 2 – Medium; 1 –Low														
<b>Course Outcomes (COs)</b>	<b>Program Outcomes (POs)</b>												<b>Program Specific Outcomes*</b>	
	<b>PO 1</b>	<b>PO 2</b>	<b>PO 3</b>	<b>PO 4</b>	<b>PO 5</b>	<b>PO 6</b>	<b>PO 7</b>	<b>PO 8</b>	<b>PO 9</b>	<b>PO 10</b>	<b>PO 11</b>	<b>PO 12</b>	<b>PSO 1</b>	<b>PSO 2</b>
<b>CO1</b>	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	1
<b>CO2</b>	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	1
<b>CO3</b>	3	2	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	1
<b>CO4</b>	3	2	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	1

**B. Tech III Year–I Sem****L T P C****Subject Code: 21PE5ME13****3 0 0 3****MECHANICAL VIBRATIONS (PE-I)****Pre-requisite: Engineering Mechanics****Course Objectives:**

Understand various levels of vibrations and remedies for each of them

**Module I****Single degree of Freedom systems - I :**Undamped and damped free vibrations; forced vibrations coulomb damping.**Single degree of Freedom systems – I:** Response to excitation; rotating unbalance and support excitation; vibration isolation and transmissibility.**Module II****Single degree of Freedom systems – II:** Response to Non-Periodic Excitations: unit impulse, unit step and unit Ramp functions; response to arbitrary excitations.**Single degree of Freedom systems – II:** The Convolution Integral; shock spectrum; System response by the Laplace Transformation method.**Module II****Two-degree freedom systems:** Principal modes- undamped and damped free and forced vibrations; undamped vibration absorbers;**Multi degree freedom systems:** Matrix formulation, stiffness and flexibility influence coefficients; Eigen value problem; normal modes and their properties; Free and forced vibration by Modal analysis; Method of matrix inversion; Torsional vibrations of multi- rotor systems and geared systems; Discrete- Time systems.**Module IV****Continuous system:** Free vibration of strings – longitudinal oscillations of bars- traverse vibrations of beams- Torsional vibrations of shafts.**Critical speeds of shafts** Critical speeds without and with damping, secondary critical speed.



**B. Tech III Year–I Sem****L T P C****Subject Code: 21PE5ME14****3 0 0 3****MACHINE TOOL DESIGN (PE-I)****Pre-requisites: Production Technology****Course Objectives:**

1. Implement the tool design process when designing tooling for the manufacturing of a product.
2. Apply Geometric Tolerancing principles in the designs of tooling.
3. Design, develop, and evaluate tooling for various joining processes.
4. Apply ANSI standards to tool design drawings and layouts.
5. Use CAD and conventional techniques in creating tooling drawings.

**Module I**

**Introduction to Machine Tool Drives:** Introduction to the course, Working and Auxiliary Motions in Machine Tools,

**Machine Tool Drives Mechanisms:** Kinematics of Machine Tools, Motion Transmission.

**Module II**

**Regulation of Speeds and Feeds:** Aim of Speed and Feed Regulation, Stepped Regulation of Speeds, Multiple Speed Motors, Ray Diagrams.

**Design Considerations:** Design of Speed Gear Boxes, Feed Drives, Feed Box Design.

**Module III**

**Design of Machine Tool Structures:** Functions of Machine Tool Structures and their Requirements, Design for Strength, Design for Rigidity, Materials for Machine Tool Structures.

**Machine Tool Constructional Features:** Machine Tool Constructional Features, Beds and Housings, Columns and Tables, Saddles and Carriages

**Module IV**

**Guide-ways:** Power Screws and Spindles, Functions and Types of Guide-ways.

**Design of Guide ways:** Design of Guide-ways, Design of Aerostatic Sideways, Design of Anti-Friction Guide-ways, Combination Guide-ways, Design of Power Screws.

## Module V

**Design of Spindles and Spindle Supports:** Functions of Spindles and Requirements, Effect of Machine Tool Compliance on Machining Accuracy, Design of Spindles, Anti-friction Bearings.

**Dynamics of Machine Tools:** Machine Tool Elastic System, Static and Dynamic Stiffness Acceptance Tests.

### TEXT BOOKS:

- 1 Tool Design/ Donaldson/ Fifth Edition, Mc Graw Hill
2. Principles of Machine Tools/ G.C. Sen and A. Bhattacharyya /New Central Book Agency
3. Design of Machine Tools / D. K Pal, S. K. Basu / Oxford

### REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Machine Tool Design and Numerical Control/ N.K. Mehta / Mc Graw Hill
2. Metal Cutting and Tool Design/ Ranganath B.J./ Vikas Publishers
3. Fundamentals of Tool Design/ ASTME, PHI

### Equivalent Mooc Courses if any:

<https://www.digimat.in/nptel/courses/video/112105124/L01.html>

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=s-mKNbKsvyk>

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=YIEvgLfkeNs>

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=aK7oXqlkZqA>

### Course Outcomes:

1. Understand basic motions involved in a machine tool.
2. Design machine tool structures.
3. Select subsystems for achieving high accuracy in machining.
4. Identify control strategies for machine tool operations and appropriate quality tests for quality assurance.



**B. Tech III Year–V Sem**  
**Subject Code: 21OE5CS06**

<b>L</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>P</b>	<b>C</b>
<b>3</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>3</b>

### **Computer Organization and Architecture**

**Pre-requisite:** NIL

**Course Objective:**

1. The purpose of the course is to introduce principles of computer organization and the basic architectural concepts
2. Understand the representation fixed-point and floating-point numbers in computer and develop hardware algorithms using them for fixed-point and floating-point arithmetic.
3. The course would display understanding of instruction set of RISC processor and develop understanding of how memory is organized and managed in a modern digital computer, including cache, virtual and physical memory.
4. It discusses input-output units and how they communicate with the processor, and how their performance is computed.

**Course Outcomes:**

1. Understand the theory and architecture of Digital computer system
2. Define different number systems, compliments, combinational circuits and Sequential circuits
3. Explain and use fixed point addition, subtraction, multiplication (Booth's) and division (Restoring and non-restoring) algorithms
4. Explain the concept of Computer I/O Organization, Memory, RISC, CISC Characteristics

**Module I:**

**Digital Computers:** Introduction to digital computers, need of Computer Organization and Computer Architecture, Basic of Computer Architecture and Organisation, Von Neumann Computers

**Data Representation:** Data Types, (r-1)'s Compliment, r's compliment, Fixed point Representation, conversion of Fractions, Floating point representation, Gray code, Error detection code

**Module II:**

**Digital Logic Circuits -I:** Logic gates, Boolean Algebra, Map simplification, Combinational circuits-Half Adder and Full Adder, Decoders and Multiplexers

**Digital Logic Circuits -II:** Flip-Flops- SR, JK, D, T and Edge triggered, Excitation Tables, Registers, Shift Registers, Binary Counters

**Module III:**

**Computer Arithmetic -I:** Addition and subtraction, multiplication Algorithms, Division Algorithms



<b>B. Tech III Year – V Sem</b>	<b>L</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>P</b>	<b>C</b>
<b>Subject Code: 21OE5EC01</b>	3	0	0	3

### **ELECTRONIC MEASUREMENTS & INSTRUMENTATION**

**(OPEN ELECTIVE)**

**Prerequisite:** Basic Electrical and Electronics

**Course Objectives:** This course will enable students to:

1. Learn and understand functioning of various measuring system and metrics for performance analysis.
2. Acquire knowledge of principle of operation, working of different electronic instruments viz. signal generators, signal analyzers, recorders and measuring equipment.
3. To Compare various measuring bridges and their balancing conditions.
4. Learn and understand the use of various measuring techniques for measurement of different physical parameters using different classes of transducers.

**Course Outcomes:** Upon completion of the course, the student should be able to

1. Explain the instrument and measurements of the parameters
2. Describe signal generators and analyzers
3. Categorize oscilloscopes for different applications
4. Apply the transducers for measurement of different parameters

#### **MODULE I : Performance characteristics of instruments**

Static characteristics: Accuracy, Resolution, Precision, Expected value, Error, Sensitivity.

Dynamic Characteristics: Speed of response, Fidelity, Lag and Dynamic error.

Types of errors in measurements and their analysis. Design of multi-range AC , DC meters (voltmeter & ammeter) and ohmmeter(series & shunt type) using D'Arsonval movement. True rms meter.

#### **MODULE II**

Bridge circuits : Wheat stone bridge, measurement of very low resistance, Measurement of inductance- Maxwell's bridge, Anderson bridge. Measurement of capacitance-Schering Bridge. Wien Bridge, Errors and precautions in using bridges.

Q-meter: principle of operation, measurement methods and sources of errors.

Counters : principle of operation -modes of operation- totalizing mode, frequency mode and time period mode- sources of errors.

#### **MODULE III**

**Specifications and designing aspects of Signal Generators:** AF sine and square wave signal generators, Function Generators, Random noise generators, arbitrary waveform generators.

**Wave Analyzers:** Harmonic Distortion Analyzers, Spectrum Analyzers, Digital Fourier Analyzers.

**MODULE IV:**

General purpose CROs: Block diagram, functions and implementation of various blocks, specifications, various controls and their functions, types of probes used in CROs. Measurement of frequency and phase difference using Lissajous patterns.

Special purpose CROs: sampling oscilloscope, analog storage oscilloscope, digital storage oscilloscope.

**MODULE V:**

**Transducers:** Transducers, Active & Passive transducers: Resistance, Capacitance, inductance; Strain gauges, LVDT, Piezo Electric transducers.

**Measurement of physical parameters:** Temperature, force, pressure, velocity, acceleration and displacement.

**Textbooks :**

1. Electronic instrumentation, second edition - H.S. Kalsi, Tata McGrawHill,2004.
2. Modern Electronic Instrumentation and Measurement Techniques – A.D. Helfrickand W.D. Cooper, PHI, 5th Edition, 2002.
3. Electronic Measurements And Instrumentation- A.K. Sawhney, Dhanpat Rai&CO(P) Limited, Jan2015.

**Reference books:**

1. Electronic Instrumentation & Measurements - David A. Bell, PHI, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition,2013.
2. Electrical and Electronic Measurement and Instrumentation A.K. Sawhney. Dhanpat Rai & Co, 12<sup>th</sup>Edition,2002.

**CO-PO & PSO Mapping:**

<b>CO-PO/PSO Mapping Chart</b> (3/2/1 indicates strength of correlation) 3 – High; 2 – Medium; 1 - Low														
<b>Course Outcomes (COs)</b>	<b>Program Outcomes (POs)</b>												<b>Program Specific Outcomes*</b>	
	<b>PO 1</b>	<b>PO 2</b>	<b>PO 3</b>	<b>PO 4</b>	<b>PO 5</b>	<b>PO 6</b>	<b>PO 7</b>	<b>PO 8</b>	<b>PO 9</b>	<b>PO 10</b>	<b>PO 11</b>	<b>PO 12</b>	<b>PSO 1</b>	<b>PSO 2</b>
<b>CO1</b>	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	-
<b>CO2</b>	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-
<b>CO3</b>	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-
<b>CO4</b>	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	-

<b>B. Tech III Year–V Sem</b>	<b>L</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>P</b>	<b>C</b>
<b>Subject Code: 21OE5ME01</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>3</b>

### **Hybrid & Electric Vehicles**

**Pre-requisites:** IC engines, automobile engineering, basic electrical electronics engineering

**Objectives:** To understand the fundamental concepts, and principles, of hybrid and electric vehicles.

To know the various aspects of hybrid and electric drive trains such as their configuration,

Students should understand various automotive systems and the basics of the drive train in automobiles.

#### **Module I**

**Introduction:** Layout of the automobile–introduction chassis and body components. Types of Automobile engines–Power unit -working of two stroke and four stroke engine–Introduction to engine lubrication–engine servicing

**Fuel System:** Fuel supply systems working in IC engines,–fuel injection an its types.

**Cooling System:** Cooling Requirements, Air Cooling, Forced Circulation System–Radiators–Types–Cooling Fan-water pump, thermostat, evaporative cooling-antifreeze solutions.

#### **Module II**

**Ignition System:** Function of an ignition system, battery ignition system, constructional features of storage, battery, auto transformer, contact breaker points, condenser, and spark plug.

**Electrical System:** Charging circuit, generator, current – voltage regulator – starting system, Bendix drive mechanism solenoid switch, lighting systems, Horn, wiper, fuel gauge–oil pressure gauge, engine temperature indicator etc.

**Transmission System: -components and working principle.** The layout of the power transmission system in a conventional and hybrid vehicle (fuel vs electrical)-introduction of components

**Suspension System:** Objects of suspension systems –, Dependent and Independent suspension system, air suspension system. Vehicle stability assist supplemental restraint system (SRS).

**Module III**

**Braking System:** Hydraulic brake system, Master cylinder, wheel cylinder tandem master cylinder Requirement of brake fluid, Pneumatic..

**Steering System:** Steering geometry – Ackerman Steering Mechanism, Davis Steering Mechanism ,Hydraulic and electric power steering-working principle ,construction and working.

**Introduction To Hybrid Vehicles:**

History of hybrid and electric vehicles, social and The environmental importance of hybrid and electric vehicles, the impact of modern drive-trains on energy supplies.

**Module IV**

**Hybrid Electric Drive-Trains:** Basic concept of hybrid traction, introduction to various hybrid drive-train topologies, power flow control in hybrid drive-train topologies, fuel efficiency analysis.

**Electric Trains:** Electric Drive-trains: Basic concept of electric traction, introduction to various electric drive train topologies, power flow control in electric drive-train topologies, fuel efficiency analysis.

**Module V**

**Energy Storage:** Energy Storage: Introduction to Energy Storage Requirements in Hybrid and Electric Vehicles, Battery based energy storage and its analysis, Fuel Cell based energy storage and its analysis, Super Capacitor based energy storage and its analysis, Flywheel based energy storage and its analysis, Hybridization of different energy storage devices.

**Energy Management Strategies:** Energy Management Strategies: Introduction to energy management strategies used in hybrid and electric vehicles, classification of different energy management strategies,

**TEXTBOOKS:**

1. Automobile Engineering/WilliamHCrouse.
2. A Text Book Automobile Engineering–Manzoor, Nawazish Mehdi & Yosuf Ali, Frontline Publications.
3. T. Denton, Electric and Hybrid Vehicles, Routledge, 2016

**Reference Books:**



**B.Tech III Year – V Sem****L T P C****Subject Code: 21OE5EE01****3 0 0 3****FUNDAMENTALS OF ELECTRICAL CIRCUIT ANALYSIS****Pre-requisite: Basic Mathematics & Physics****Course Objectives:**

- 1) To introduce the concepts of electrical circuits and their components
- 2) To Analyze electrical circuits with the help of network theorems
- 3) To understand DC circuits and single-phase AC circuits
- 4) To analyse the magnetic circuits

**Course Outcomes:****At the end of course student will be able to do**

1. CO1 – To understand the electrical circuits with DC excitation.
2. CO2 – To analyze electrical circuits with the help of network theorems
3. CO3 – To analyze electrical circuits with AC excitation
4. CO4 – To analyse the magnetic circuits.

**Module I: D.C. Circuits**

**Introduction to Electrical Circuits:** Current, Voltage, Power, Energy, Ohm's law, types of elements, Kirchoff laws, types of sources, resistive networks, inductive networks, capacitive networks, series, parallel circuits, analysis of simple circuits with dc excitation.

**Network Analysis:** Mesh and Nodal analysis, Voltage and current divide rule, source transformation technique, and star-delta and delta star transformation, simple problems.

**Module II: Network Theorems**

**Network Theorems -I:** Superposition, reciprocity, Thevenin's, Norton's theorems for DC excitations, numerical problems.

**Network Theorems -II:** Tellegen's, Maximum power transfer, Milliman's for DC excitations, numerical problems.

**Module III: A.C. Circuits**

**Single Phase AC Circuits:** Representation of sinusoidal waveforms, Average and RMS values, peak factor, and Formfactor. Real power, Reactive power, Apparent power, power factor, Numerical problems.

**RLC Analysis:** Analysis of single-phase ac circuits consisting of R, L, C, RL, RC, and RLC combinations for both series and parallel, Numerical problems.

#### **Module IV: Magnetic Circuits**

Absolute and Relative Permeability of a Medium, Laws of Magnetic Force, Flux Density (B), Faraday's laws of electromagnetic induction – concept of self and mutual inductance – dot convention

Coefficient of coupling – composite magnetic circuit - Analysis of series and parallel magnetic circuit, Simple Problems.

#### **Module V: Network Topologies**

##### **Network Topology-I**

Basic definitions of graph theory, Incidence Matrices, Branch path incidence matrices, and numerical problems.

##### **Network Topology-II**

Cut set matrices, Relation between branch currents  $I_b$  and loop currents  $I_l$ , Tie set matrices, the relation between branch voltages and node voltages. Duality concept and numerical problems.

#### **TEXTBOOKS:**

1. A Chakrabarty, "Electric Circuits", Dhanipat Rai & Sons, 6th Edition, 2010. L.S. Bobrow, Fundamentals of Electrical Engineering", Oxford University Press, 2011
2. M E Van Valkenberg, "Network Analysis", PHI, 3rd Edition, 2014.

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

1. A Sudhakar, Shyammohan S Palli, "Circuits and Networks", Tata McGraw-Hill, 4th Edition, 2010.
2. David A Bell, "Electric circuits", Oxford University Press, 7th Edition, 2009.
3. Electrical Engineering Fundamentals, Vincent Deltoro, Second Edition, Prentice-Hall India, 1989

#### **Web Resources:**

1. <https://nptel.ac.in/courses/108/104/108104139/>



**B.Tech III Year – V Sem**  
**Subject Code: 21OE5CM01**

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

## INTRODUCTION TO ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE

### Course Objectives

1. To provide a strong foundation of fundamental concepts in artificial intelligence.
2. To provide a basic exposition to the goals and methods of Artificial intelligence
3. To provide the exposition to uncertainty management, decision making and learning methods.
4. To provide different knowledge representation, reasoning, and learning techniques.

### Course Outcomes

1. Discuss basic concepts of Artificial Intelligence, AI principles, AI Task domains and application.
2. Apply searching techniques, constraint satisfaction problem and game playing techniques which involve perception, reasoning and learning.
3. Explain working of uncertainty management, decision making and learning methods.
4. Apply different knowledge representation, reasoning, and learning techniques to real world problems.

### MODULE-I

**Introduction:** Artificial Intelligence, AI Problems, AI Techniques, the Level of the Model, Criteria for Success. Problem Space and Search, Defining the Problem as a State Space Search, Problem Characteristics; Tic-Tac-Toe Problem, Production Systems.

**Basic Search Techniques:** Solving Problems by searching; Issues in The Design of Search Programs; Uniform search strategies; Breadth first search, depth first search, depth limited search, bidirectional search, Best First search, comparing search strategies in terms of complexity.

### MODULE-II

**Special Search Techniques:** Heuristic Search, greedy best first search, A\* search Problem Reduction, AO\*Algorithm; Hill climbing search, Simulated Annealing search; Genetic Algorithm; Constraint Satisfaction Problems; Adversarial search, Games, Optimal decisions and strategies in games, Minimax search, Alpha, beta pruning.

**Knowledge Representation:** Procedural Vs Declarative Knowledge, Representations & Approaches to Knowledge Representation, Forward Vs Backward Reasoning, Matching Techniques, Partial Matching, Fuzzy Matching Algorithms and RETE Matching Algorithms.

### MODULE-III

**Symbolic Logic:** Propositional Logic, First Order Predicate Logic: Representing Instance and is-a Relationships, Computable Functions and Predicates, Syntax & Semantics of FOPL, Normal Forms, Unification & Resolution, Representation Using Rules, Natural Deduction.

**Structured Representations of Knowledge:** Semantic Nets, Partitioned Semantic Nets, Frames, Conceptual Dependency, Conceptual Graphs, Scripts, CYC.

**MODULE-IV**

**Reasoning under Uncertainty:** Introduction to Non-Monotonic Reasoning, Truth Maintenance Systems, Logics for Non-Monotonic Reasoning, Model and Temporal Logics.

**Statistical Reasoning:** Bayes Theorem, Certainty Factors and Rule-Based Systems, Bayesian Probabilistic Inference, Bayesian Networks, Dempster-Shafer Theory.

**Fuzzy Logic:** Crisp Sets, Fuzzy Sets, Fuzzy Logic Control, Fuzzy Inferences & Fuzzy Systems.

**MODULE-IV**

**Experts Systems:** Overview of an Expert System, Structure of an Expert Systems, Different Types of Expert Systems- Rule Based, Model Based, Case Based and Hybrid Expert Systems, Knowledge Acquisition and Validation Techniques, Black Board Architecture, Knowledge Building System Tools, Expert System Shells, Fuzzy Expert systems.

**Learning:** Types of learning, general learning model, Learning by induction; generalization, specialization, example of inductive learner.

**Text Book:**

1. Artificial Intelligence, George F Luger, Pearson Education Publications
2. Artificial Intelligence, Elaine Rich and Knight, Mcgraw-Hill Publications

**References:**

1. Introduction To Artificial Intelligence & Expert Systems, Patterson, PHI
2. Multi Agent systems- a modern approach to Distributed Artificial intelligence, Weiss. G, MIT Press.
3. Artificial Intelligence: A modern Approach, Russell and Norvig, Printice Hall

**CO-PO/PSO Mapping Chart**

(3/2/1 indicates strength of correlation) 3 – High; 2 – Medium; 1 – Low

CO/PO	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	PSO 1	PSO2	PSO3
CO-1		3										2	2		
CO-2	3												2		
CO-3		3										2	2		
CO-4	3											2	2		

## **Statistics for Data Science**

### **Course Objective**

1. The Number Theory basic concepts useful for cryptography etc
2. The theory of Probability, and probability distributions of single and multiple random variables
3. The sampling theory and testing of hypothesis and making inferences
4. Stochastic process and Markov chains.

### **Course Outcomes:**

1. Apply the number theory concepts to cryptography domain
2. Apply the concepts of probability and distributions to some case studies
3. Correlate the material of one unit to the material in other units
4. Resolve the potential misconceptions and hazards in each topic of study.

### **Module I**

Greatest Common Divisors and Prime Factorization: Greatest common divisors, The Euclidean algorithm, The fundamental theorem of arithmetic, Factorization of integers and the Fermat numbers

Congruences: Introduction to congruences, Linear congruences, The Chinese remainder theorem, Systems of linear congruences

### **Module II**

Simple Linear Regression and Correlation: Introduction to Linear Regression, The Simple Linear Regression Model, Least Squares and the Fitted Model, Properties of the Least Squares Estimators, Inferences Concerning the Regression Coefficients, Prediction, Simple Linear Regression Case Study

Random Variables and Probability Distributions: Concept of a Random Variable, Discrete Probability Distributions, Continuous Probability Distributions, Statistical Independence. Discrete probability

Distributions: Binomial Distribution, Poisson distribution.

### **Module III**

Continuous Probability Distributions: Normal Distribution, Areas under the Normal Curve, Applications of the Normal Distribution, Normal Approximation to the Binomial, Fundamental Sampling

Distributions: Random Sampling, Sampling Distributions, Sampling, Distribution of Means and the Central Limit Theorem, Sampling Distribution of  $S^2$ , t-Distribution, F Distribution.

### **Module IV**

Estimation & Tests of Hypotheses: Introduction, Statistical Inference, Classical Methods of Estimation. Estimating the Mean, Standard Error of a Point Estimate, Prediction Intervals, Tolerance Limits, Estimating the Variance, Estimating a Proportion for single mean, Difference between Two Means, between Two Proportions for Two Samples and Maximum Likelihood Estimation.



**B. Tech III Year – V Sem**  
**Subject Code: 21OE5CO01**

<b>L</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>P</b>	<b>C</b>
<b>3</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>3</b>

## **FUNDAMENTALS OF IOT**

**PREREQUISITE: Basics of computers**

**COURSE OBJECTIVE:**

1. The Internet is evolving to connect people to physical things and also physical things to other physical things all in real time.
2. The course enables student to understand the basics of Internet of things and protocols.
3. Introduces some of the application areas where Internet of Things can be applied.
4. Students will learn about the middleware for Internet of Things. To understand the concepts of Web of Things

**COURSE OUTCOMES:**

1. Interpret the concepts of IoT
2. Analyze the importance of Protocols in IoT
3. Understand the IoT architecture
4. Apply IoT concepts in Industry applications and IoT platforms

**Module 1:**

**Introduction to IOT** - IoT and its importance, Elements of an IoT ecosystem, Technology drivers, Business drivers, Trends and implications

**Overview** of Governance, Privacy and Security Issues.

**Module II**

**IOT PROTOCOLS** - Protocol Standardization for IoT – Efforts – M2M and WSN Protocols – SCADA and RFID Protocols – Issues with IoT Standardization – Unified Data Standards –

**Protocols** – IEEE802.15.4–BACNet Protocol– Modbus – KNX – Zigbee– Network layer – APS layer – Security

**Module III**

**IOT ARCHITECTURE** - IoT Open-source architecture (OIC)- OIC Architecture & Design principles- IoT Devices and deployment models

**IoTivity** : An Open source IoT stack - Overview- IoTivity stack architecture- Resource model and Abstraction.

**Module IV**

**WEB OF THINGS** - Web of Things versus Internet of Things – Two Pillars of the Web – Architecture Standardization for WoT– Platform Middleware for WoT

**Unified** Multitier WoT Architecture – WoT Portals and Business Intelligence.

**Module V:**

**IOT APPLICATIONS** – Qualitative study of sensors, IoT applications for industry: Future Factory Concepts, Smart Objects, Smart Applications.

Study of existing IoT platforms /middleware, IoT- A, Hydra etc.

**TEXT & REFERENCES:**

**Text:**

- Honbo Zhou, “The Internet of Things in the Cloud: A Middleware Perspective”, CRC Press, 2012.
- Dieter Uckelmann, Mark Harrison, Michahelles, Florian (Eds), “Architecting the Internet of Things”, Springer, 2011.
- David Easley and Jon Kleinberg, “Networks, Crowds, and Markets: Reasoning About a Highly Connected World”, Cambridge University Press, 2010.
- Olivier Hersent, David Boswarthick, Omar Elloumi , “The Internet of Things – Key applications and Protocols”, Wiley, 2012.

**References:**

- Vijay Madiseti and Arshdeep Bahga, “Internet of Things (A Hands-on-Approach)”, 1st Edition, VPT, 2014
- Francis da Costa, “Rethinking the Internet of Things: A Scalable Approach to Connecting Everything”, 1st Edition, Apress Publications, 2013
- Cuno Pfister, Getting Started with the Internet of Things, O’Reilly Media, 2011, ISBN: 978-1-4493-9357-1

Course Outcomes (CO)	CO-PO/PSO Mapping Chart (3/2/1 indicates strength of correlation) 3 – High; 2 – Medium; 1 - Low													
	Program Outcomes (POs)												Program Specific Outcomes*	
	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12	PSO 1	PSO 2
<b>CO1</b>	3								2	2			1	
<b>CO2</b>	3	1			3				2	2			2	
<b>CO3</b>	3	1			2				2	2			2	
<b>CO4</b>	3	1	3		3				2	2			1	

**B. Tech III Year–V Sem**  
**Subject Code: 21OE5CC01**

**L T P C**  
**3 1 - 4**

## **DATA SECURITY**

**Prerequisite(s):** Nil

### **Course Objectives:**

- To introduce different classical cryptographic techniques and its theoretical security analysis.
- To provide and demonstrate different cryptanalysis attacks against the cryptographic techniques, and their attack models.
- To show the impact of these ciphers on society during the time of their use.

### **Course Outcomes:**

**At the end of the course, students are able to:**

CO1: Identify the basic language & terminologies of cryptography.

CO2: Demonstrate Encryption and Decryption methods using various ciphers of classical cryptography.

CO3: Perform cryptanalysis of classical cryptography.

CO4: Understand the concept of digital signatures.

### **Module 1:**

**Security Concepts:** Introduction, The need for security, Security approaches, Principles of security, Types of Security attacks.

**Cryptography Concepts and Techniques:** Introduction, plain text and cipher text, substitution techniques, transposition techniques, encryption and decryption, symmetric and asymmetric key cryptography, steganography, key range and key size, possible types of attacks.

### **Module 2:**

**Symmetric key Ciphers:** Algorithms Types, Algorithm Modes, Data Encryption Standards, International Data Encryption Algorithm (IDEA), RC4, RC5, Blowfish,

**Case Study:** Secure Multiparty Calculation.

### **Module 3:**

**Asymmetric key Ciphers - I:** Principles of public key cryptosystems, RSA algorithm, Elgamal Cryptography, Comparison of symmetric and asymmetric Key Cryptography.

**Module 4:**

**Asymmetric key Ciphers - II:** Digital signatures, Elgamal Digital Signature Scheme, Attacks on Digital Signature, Knapsack Algorithm, Problems with Public key Exchange.

**Module 5:**

**Public – Key Infrastructure :** Digital Certificates, private - Key management, The PKIX Model, Public Key Cryptography Standards(PKCS) , XML, PKI and security.

**Text Books:**

1. Padmanabhan T R, Shyamala C and Harini N, “Cryptography and Security”, Wiley Publications 2011.
2. Josef Pieprzyk, Thomas Hardjono and Jenifer Seberry, “Fundamentals of Computer Security”, Springer 2010.

**Resources:**

1. Douglas R Stinson, “Cryptography: Theory and Practice”, CRC Press 2005.
2. Alfred J Menezes, Paul C Van Oorshot and Scott A. Vanstone, “Handbook of Applied Cryptography”, CRC press 1996.

**CO-PO/PSO Mapping:**

CO-PO	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	PSO 1	PSO2	PSO3
CO-1			2				3								
CO-2				2			1								
CO-3				3				1							
CO-4		1						3							

**B. Tech III Year–II Sem****L T P C****Subject Code: 21PC6ME19****3 0 0 3****DESIGN OF MACHINE MEMBERS-II****Pre-requisite:** Mechanics of Solids, Material Science, Engg. Mathematics**Note:** Design Data books are permitted in the Examinations. The design must not only satisfy strength criteria but also rigidity criteria.**Course Objectives:**

1. To understand the design and selection procedure of bearings
2. To calculate stress and design the engine parts
3. To design commonly used important machine members such as springs, belts, gears etc.
4. To design the components using the data available in design data books.

**Module I****Introduction of Bearings :** Types of bearings – Lubrication – Bearing Modulus – Journal bearings Full and partial bearings, ball and roller bearing- types and bearing parameters, material selection of bearings.**Sliding contact bearings:** Clearance ratio – Heat dissipation of bearings, bearing materials – journal bearing design.**Module II****Rolling contact bearings:** Ball and roller bearings – Static load – dynamic load – equivalent radial load – design and selection of ball & roller bearings.**Mechanical Springs:** Stresses and deflections of helical springs – Extension and compression springs – Design of springs for fatigue loading – natural frequency of helical springs – Energy storage capacity – helical torsion springs – Design of co-axial springs, Design of leaf springs.**Module III****Design of Connecting Rod:** Thrust in connecting rod – stress due to whipping action on connecting rod ends.**Pistons, Forces acting on piston:** Construction, Design and proportions of piston.**Module IV****Design of Belt drives:** Transmission of power by Belt Transmission efficiencies, Belts –Flat and V types design.

**Design of Rope drive-** Types of rope drives, Transmission of power by rope drives. Design of Rope drives.

### Module V

**Spur gear:** Brief introduction involving important concepts of Spur gear, Design of gears using AGMA procedure involving Lewis and Buckingham equations. Check for wear.

**Helical Gear:** Brief introduction involving important concepts of Helical gear, Types of forces acting on helical gear, Design of Helical gears using AGMA procedure involving Lewis and Buckingham equations. Check for wear.

### Text Books:

1. Design of Machine Elements - V. B. Bhandari.
2. Mechanical Engineering Design by Shigley, Budynas & Nisbett.
3. Design of Machine Elements by Dr. Sadhu sign

### Reference Books:

1. Fundamentals of Machine Component Design by Robert C Juvinall.
2. Machine design by Zinadal.
3. Machine design by Bear and Jhonson.

### Web Resources:

<https://nptel.ac.in/courses/112106137>

<https://www.coursera.org/learn/machine-design1>

**Course Outcomes:** At the end of the course the student should be able to

CO1 –Design journal bearing by using different empirical relations

CO2 – Optimize the life of rolling element bearings and their selection for given service conditions.

CO3 – Design the connecting rod, piston and gears.

CO4 - Solve the design problems on spring, belt and rope.

<b>CO-PO/PSO Mapping Chart</b> <b>(3/2/1 indicates the strength of correlation)</b> <b>3 – High; 2 – Medium; 1 –Low</b>														
Course Outcomes (COs)	Program Outcomes (POs)												Program Specific Outcomes*	
	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12	PSO 1	PSO 2
<b>CO1</b>	3	2	2										2	
<b>CO2</b>	3	2	2										2	
<b>CO3</b>	3	2	2		1								2	
<b>CO4</b>	3	2	2		1								2	

\* If more PSOs are there in a particular branch, the required no of columns can be added.

**B. Tech III Year–II Sem****L T P C****Subject Code: 21PC6ME20****3 0 0 3****HEAT TRANSFER**

**Note:** Heat Transfer and steam tables Data Books are permitted in the Examination.

**Pre-requisite:** Thermodynamics, fluid mechanics.

**Course Objectives:** To provide knowledge about application of conduction, convection and radiation heat transfer concepts to different practical applications

**MODULE I**

**Introduction:** Modes and mechanisms of heat transfer – Basic laws of heat transfer – General discussion about applications of heat transfer.

**Conduction Heat Transfer:** Fourier rate equation – General heat conduction equation in Cartesian, Cylindrical and Spherical coordinates – simplification and forms of the field equation – steady, unsteady, and periodic heat transfer – Initial and boundary conditions

**One Dimensional Steady State Conduction Heat Transfer:** Homogeneous slabs, hollow cylinders, and spheres- Composite systems– overall heat transfer coefficient – Electrical analogy – Critical radius of insulation

**MODULE II**

**One Dimensional Steady State Conduction Heat Transfer:** Variable Thermal conductivity – systems with heat sources or Heat generation-Extended surface (fins) Heat Transfer – Long, Fin, Fin with insulated tip and Short Fin, Application to error measurement of Temperature

**One Dimensional Transient Conduction Heat Transfer:** Systems with negligible internal resistance – Significance of Biot and Fourier Numbers –Infinite bodies- Chart solutions of transient conduction systems- Concept of Semi infinite body.

**MODULE III**

**Convective Heat Transfer:** Classification of systems based on causation of flow non- dimensional correlation for convection heat transfer –Significance of non-dimensional numbers – Concepts of Continuity, Momentum and Energy Equations – Integral Method as approximate method -Application of Von Karman Integral Momentum Equation for flat plate with different velocity profiles.

**Forced convection: External Flows:** Concepts about hydrodynamic and thermal boundary layer and use of empirical correlations for convective heat transfer -Flat plates and Cylinders.

**MODULE – IV**

**Internal Flows:** Concepts about Hydrodynamic and Thermal Entry Lengths – Division of internal flow based on this –Use of empirical relations for Horizontal Pipe Flow and annulus

flow.

**Free Convection:** Development of Hydrodynamic and thermal boundary layer along a vertical plate - Use of empirical relations for Vertical plates and pipes.

**Heat Exchangers:** Classification of heat exchangers – overall heat transfer Coefficient and fouling factor – Concepts of LMTD and NTU methods - Problems using LMTD and NTU methods, Factors effecting the design of Heat Exchangers.

## MODULE – V

### Heat Transfer with Phase Change:

**Boiling:** – Pool boiling – Regimes – Calculations on Nucleate boiling, Critical Heat flux and Film boiling. **Condensation:** Film wise and drop wise condensation.

**Radiation Heat Transfer :** Emission characteristics and laws of black-body radiation – Irradiation – total and monochromatic quantities – laws of Planck, Wien, Kirchhoff, Lambert, Stefan and Boltzmann– heat exchange between two black bodies – concepts of shape factor – Emissivity – heat exchange between grey bodies – radiation shields – electrical analogy for radiation networks.

### Text Books:

1. Heat And Mass Transfer – Dixit /Mc Graw Hill .
2. Heat And Mass Transfer – Theodore L. Bergman, Adrienne S. Lavine, Frank P. Incropera, David P. Dewitt, 7 Th Edition, John Wiley & Sons.
3. Heat & Mass Transfer - Dr. D.S Kumar,Publisher, S.K. Kataria & Sons. Edition, 9th, 2018

### Reference Books:

1. Essential Heat Transfer - Christopher A Long / Pearson.
2. Heat & Mass Transfer: Practical Approach, Yunus A. Cengel , A. Ghajar McGraw Hill publications, 2010.
3. Fundamentals of engineering heat and mass transfer, by R.C. Sachdeva, New age Publishers.

**Course Outcomes:** At the end of this course, student will be able to:

1. Analyze the modes of heat transfer.
2. Derive relation for different modes of heat transfer.
3. Perform thermal circuit analysis for practical engineering problems by using heat transfer concepts.
4. Analyze and design heat exchangers.



**B. Tech III Year–II Sem****L T P C****Subject Code: 21PC6ME21****3 0 0 3****CAD&CAM****Pre-requisites:** To learn the importance and use of computer in design and manufacture**Course objectives:**

1. To provide an overview of how computers are being used in design, development of manufacturing plans and manufacture.
2. To understand the need for integration of CAD and CAM.

**MODULE-I**

**Fundamentals of CAD/CAM:** Product life Cycle, Application of computers for Design and Manufacturing, Scope and Benefits of CAD/CAM- Design workstation, CAD/CAM software-definition of system software and application software, CAD/ CAM database and structure.

**Geometric Modeling:** Wireframe modeling, Interpolation and approximation of curves, Concept of parametric and non parametric representation of curves, Curve fitting techniques, definitions of cubic spline, Bezier, and B-spline.

**MODULE-II**

**Surface Modeling:** Algebraic and geometric form, Parametric space of surface, blending functions, parameterization of surface patch, Subdividing, Cylindrical surface, ruled surface, Surface of revolution Spherical surface, Composite surface, Bezier surface. B-spline surface, Regenerative surface and pathological conditions.

**Solid Modeling:** Definition of cell composition and spatial occupancy enumeration, sweep representation, Constructive solid geometry, Boundary representations, Editing tools.

**MODULE III**

**CNC:** Computer assisted part programming, Post Processor, Computerized part program, SPPL (A Simple Programming Language).

CNC-Milling and Drilling,3-axis,4axis and 5 axis CNC machines, DNC.

**MODULE-IV**

**Group Technology:** Part families, Parts classification and coding. Production flow analysis, Machine cell design.

**Computer aided process planning:** Difficulties in traditional process planning, Computer aided process planning: retrieval type and generative type.

**Computer aided manufacturing resource planning:** Material resource planning, inputs to MRP, MRP output records, Benefits of MRP, Enterprise resource planning, Capacity requirements planning.

**MODULE V**

**Flexible manufacturing system:** F.M.S equipment, FMS layouts, Analysis methods for FMS benefits of FMS.

**Computer aided quality control:** Automated inspection- Off-line, On-line, contact, Non-contact; Coordinate measuring machines, Machine vision.

**Computer Integrated Manufacturing:** CIM system, Benefits of CIM

**Rapid prototyping:** Basics of Rapid prototyping

**TEXTBOOKS:**

1. CAD/CAM Concepts and Applications/Alavala/PHI
2. CAD/CAM Principles and Applications/P.N.Rao /McGrawHill
3. CAD CAM theory and practices by Ibrahim Zeid.

**REFERENCEBOOKS:**

1. CAD/CAM/Groover M.P/Pearson
2. CAD/CAM/CIM/Radhakrishnan and Subramanian/New Age.

**Course Outcomes:** At the end of the course the student should be able to

**CO1:** Develop mathematical models to represent curves and surfaces.

**CO2:** Develop engineering components using solid modelling techniques.

**CO3:** Develop programs for CNC to manufacture industrial components.

**CO4:** Design, Proper planning, Manufacturing cost, Layout & Material Handling system application of computers in various aspects of Manufacturing

**CO-PO-PSO Mapping:**

<b>CO-PO/PSO Mapping Chart</b> (3/2/1 indicates strength of correlation) 3 – High; 2 – Medium; 1 –Low														
<b>Course Outcomes (COs)</b>	<b>Program Outcomes (POs)</b>												<b>Program Specific Outcomes*</b>	
	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12	PSO 1	PSO 2
<b>CO1</b>	3				3									1
<b>CO2</b>	3	3	2		3									2
<b>CO3</b>	3	3	2		3								2	2
<b>CO4</b>	3	3	3		3								3	3

**B. Tech III Year–II Sem****L T P C****Subject Code: 21PC6ME22****3 0 0 3****MACHINING SCIENCE**

**Pre-requisites:** Material Science & Metallurgy, Production Technology Metrology and Machine Tools.

**Course Objectives:**

- Introducing students to machining processes used in industries.
- Understanding on various machining parameters and their inter-relation.
- Optimization of cutting tool parameters for a smooth finish of the machined part.

**Module I:**

**Introduction:** Classification of Manufacturing Processes, History of Machining, Scope and Significance of Machining.

**Geometry of Cutting Tools:** Geometry of single-point turning tool: Tool-in hand system, ASA system, Significance of various angles of SPTT, Orthogonal Rake System (ORS), Normal Rake System (NRS), Conversions between ASA and ORS systems.

**Module II:**

**Mechanics of Machining:** Processes: Orthogonal and Oblique cutting, Mechanics of Chip formation: Types of chips, chip-breakers, Chip reduction coefficient, shear angle, shear strain, Built-Up-Edge and its effect in metal cutting, Merchant's analysis of metal cutting process – Various forces, power and specific energy in cutting, Effect of tool geometry on cutting forces and surface finish.

**Thermal aspects in machining:** Sources of heat generation, Effects of temperature, Determination of cutting temperature using analytical methods, Determination of cutting temperature using experimental methods, Methods of Controlling Cutting Temperature.

**Module III:**

**Tool wear, Tool life, Machinability:** Wear Mechanisms, Types of tool wear, Tool Life and Machinability.

**Machining Economics:** A brief treatment for single pass turning operations

**Module IV:**

**Cutting Tool Materials:** Desirable Properties of tool materials, Characteristics of Cutting Tool Materials, Indexable inserts, coated tools.

**Cutting Fluids:** Functions, characteristics and types, Selection of cutting fluids.

**Module V:**

**Mechanics of Multipoint machining processes:** Mechanics of Milling process, Mechanics of Grinding (plunge grinding and surface grinding).

**Modern Machining Processes:** An overview of modern machining processes – Classification, Mechanical Processes – Ultrasonic, water jet and abrasive jet machining - Working principle, application, economy and process selection, Mechanism of material removal, process parameters, Electrochemical Processes – Chemical machining, electro chemical machining - Working principle, application, economy and process selection, Mechanism of material removal, process parameters, Electric Discharge Machining (sinking EDM and Wire cut EDM) - Working principle, application, economy and process selection, Mechanism of material removal, process parameters.

**Text Books:**

1. Amitabha Ghosh and A.K. Mallik, “Manufacturing Science”, 2nd Edition East-West Press, 2010
2. B L Juneja and G S Sekhon, “Fundamentals of metal cutting and machine Tools”, New Age International publishers, 2001.
3. Rao. P.N “Manufacturing Technology – Metal Cutting and Machine Tools”, Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi, 2003.

**Reference Books:**

1. Kalpakjian S. and Steven R. Schmid, Manufacturing, “Engineering & Technology” Pearson, 2007.
2. P. C. Pandey and H. S. Shan, “Modern Machining Processes”, TMH, 2002.
3. V. K. Jain, “Advanced manufacturing Processes”, Allied Publishers Pvt. Ltd, 2002.

**Web References:**

<https://nptel.ac.in/courses/112104290>.

**Course Outcomes:** At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

- CO1** Classify interrelations among ASA, ORS and NRS systems of tool geometry.
- CO2** Discuss the stresses, cutting forces, temperature, power and specific energy in metal cutting with single point cutting tool.
- CO3** Describe various aspects of tool wear and cutting fluids to improve tool life and machinability
- CO4** Analyze types of modern machining process

**CO-PO Mapping:**

<b>CO-PO/PSO Mapping Chart</b> (3/2/1 indicates strength of correlation) 3 – High; 2 – Medium; 1 –Low														
<b>Course Outcomes (COs)</b>	<b>Program Outcomes (POs)</b>												<b>Program Specific Outcomes*</b>	
	<b>PO1</b>	<b>PO2</b>	<b>PO3</b>	<b>PO4</b>	<b>PO5</b>	<b>PO6</b>	<b>PO7</b>	<b>PO8</b>	<b>PO9</b>	<b>PO10</b>	<b>PO11</b>	<b>PO12</b>	<b>PSO1</b>	<b>PSO2</b>
<b>CO1</b>	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>CO2</b>	3	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>CO3</b>	2	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>CO4</b>	2	2	2	2	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	1

**B. Tech III Year–II SEM****L T P C****Subject Code: 21PC6ME24****0 0 2 1****COMPUTER-AIDED ENGINEERING AND MANUFACTURING LAB**

**Pre-requisites:** To give the exposure to usage of software tools for design and manufacturing. To acquire the skills needed to analyze and simulate engineering systems.

**Course Objectives:** To be able to understand and handle design problems in a systematic manner. To be able to apply CAD in real-life applications. To understand the basic principles of different types of analysis.

**Note: conduct any TEN exercises from the list given below:**

1. Developing the codes for 3D Printing component
2. 3D printing of a mechanical component
3. Determination of deflection and stresses in 2D and 3D trusses and beams.
4. Determination of deflections, principal and Von-Mises stresses in plane stress, plane strain and Axi-symmetric components.
5. Determination of stresses in 3D and shell structures (at least one example in each case)
6. Estimation of natural frequencies and mode shapes, Harmonic response of 2D beam.
7. Mechanism simulations( any one mechanism)
8. Shape and weight optimization using generative design.
9. Study state heat transfer analysis of plane and axi-symmetric components.
10. Study of various post processors used in NC Machines.
11. Development of NC code for free form and sculptured surfaces using CAM software.
12. Machining of simple components on NC lathe and Mill by transferring NC Code / from CAM software.

**Reference Books:**

1. K.L. Narayana, P. Kannaiah, “Production Drawing”, New Age publishers, 3rd Edition, 2009.
2. Goutham Pohit, Goutham Ghosh, “Machine Drawing with Auto CAD”, Pearson, 1st Edition, 2004.
3. James D. Meadows, “Geometric dimensioning and tolerancing”, CRC Press, 1st Edition, 1995.

**Web Reference:**

1. <https://mech.iitm.ac.in/Production%20Drawing.pdf>

**Course Outcomes:** At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

- CO1** Understand the concept of 3D printing
- CO2** Develop the CAD model as per standards
- CO3** Analysing the mechanical component as per applications.
- CO4** Generate part programming through CAM software

**CO-PO Mapping:**

<b>CO-PO/PSO Mapping Chart</b> (3/2/1 indicates strength of correlation) 3 – High; 2 – Medium; 1 –Low														
<b>Course Outcomes (COs)</b>	<b>Program Outcomes (POs)</b>												<b>Program Specific Outcomes*</b>	
	<b>PO1</b>	<b>PO2</b>	<b>PO3</b>	<b>PO4</b>	<b>PO5</b>	<b>PO6</b>	<b>PO7</b>	<b>PO8</b>	<b>PO9</b>	<b>PO10</b>	<b>PO11</b>	<b>PO12</b>	<b>PSO1</b>	<b>PSO2</b>
<b>CO1</b>	3	2			3							2	2	2
<b>CO2</b>	3	2			3							2	2	2
<b>CO3</b>	3	2			3							2	2	2
<b>CO4</b>	3	2			3							2	2	2

**B. Tech III Year–II Sem**  
**Subject Code: 21PC6ME23**

L	T	P	C
0	0	2	1

### HEAT TRANSFER LAB

**Pre-requisite:** Thermodynamics

**Course Objectives:** To enable the student to apply conduction, convection and radiation heattransfer concepts to practical applications

**Minimum twelve experiments from the following:**

1. Composite Slab Apparatus – Overall heat transfer co-efficient.
2. Heat transfer through lagged pipe.
3. Heat Transfer through a Concentric Sphere
4. Thermal Conductivity of given metal rod.
5. Heat transfer in pin-fin
6. Experiment on Transient Heat Conduction
7. Heat transfer in forced convection apparatus.
8. Heat transfer in natural convection
9. Parallel and counter flow heat exchanger.
10. Emissivity apparatus.
11. Stefan Boltzman Apparatus.
12. Critical Heat flux apparatus.
13. Study of heat pipe and its demonstration.
14. Film and Drop wise condensation apparatus

**Course Outcome:** At the end of the lab sessions, the student will be able to

1. Perform steady state and transient conduction experiments to estimate thermal conductivity of different materials
2. Estimate heat transfer coefficients in forced convection, free convection, condensation and correlate with theoretical values
3. Obtain variation of temperature along the length of the pin fin under forced and free convection
4. Perform radiation experiments: Determine surface emissivity of a test plate and Stefan-Boltzmann's constant and compare with theoretical value



B.Tech III Year -I/II Sem

L T P C

Subject Code:21HS6EG05

0 0 2 1

**ADVANCED ENGLISH COMMUNICATION SKILLS LAB**  
(Common to CSE/EEE/ECE/CSM/CSD/CSC/CSO/ME)

**1. INTRODUCTION:**

The introduction of the Advanced Communication Skills Lab is considered essential at 3<sup>rd</sup> year level. At this stage, the students need to prepare themselves for their careers which may require them to listen to, read, speak and write in English both for their professional and interpersonal communication in the globalized context.

The proposed course should be a laboratory course to enable students to use 'good' English and perform the following:

1. Gathering ideas and information to organize ideas relevantly and coherently.
2. Engaging in debates.
3. Participating in group discussions.
4. Facing interviews.
5. Writing project/research reports/technical reports.
6. Making oral presentations.
7. Writing formal letters.
8. Transferring information from non-verbal to verbal texts and vice-versa.
9. Taking part in social and professional communication.

**2. OBJECTIVES:**

This Lab focuses on using multi-media instruction for language development to meet the following targets:

1. To improve the students' fluency in English, through a well-developed vocabulary and enable them to listen to English spoken at normal conversational speed by educated English speakers and respond appropriately in different socio-cultural and professional contexts.
2. Further, they would be required to communicate their ideas relevantly and coherently in writing.
3. To prepare all the students for their placements.
4. Learn conversation skills
5. Learn reading strategies
6. Learn time management
7. Learn stress management
8. Learn career planning

**Course outcomes**

- Express conversational skills
- Specify reading strategies
- Perform time management
  
- Perform stress management
- Explore career planning

**6. SYLLABUS:**

The following course content to conduct the activities is prescribed for the Advanced English Communication Skills (AECS) Lab:

1. **Activities on Fundamentals of 7c's of effective Communication, Behaviour skills and Building Vocabulary** - Starting a conversation – responding appropriately and relevantly – using the right body language - Concise - Clear - Concise - Coherent - Complete - Correct.  
Behaviour Skills - Grooming - Formal and Informal Communication - Body language - Time Management.  
  
– Role Play in different situations & Discourse Skills- using visuals - Synonyms and antonyms, wordroots, one-word substitutes, prefixes and suffixes, study of word origin, business vocabulary, analogy, idioms and phrases, collocations & usage of vocabulary.
2. **Activities on Reading Comprehension and Business English** –General Vs Local comprehension, reading for facts, guessing meanings from context, scanning, skimming, inferring meaning, critical reading& effective googling,6.listening in effective communication,Style of Communication.  
Business Conversation with dialogues reading and speaking activity
3. **Activities on Writing Skills** – Structure and presentation of different types of writing – *letter writing/Resume writing/ e-correspondence/Technical report writing/* – planning for writing – improving one's writing.
4. **Activities on Presentation Skills** – Oral presentations (individual and group) through JAM sessions/seminars/PPTs and written presentations through posters/projects/reports/**Group Writing, info-graphics,** e-mails/assignments etc.
5. **Activities on Group Discussion and Interview Skills** – Dynamics of group discussion, intervention, summarizing, modulation of voice,Career Planning, body language, relevance, fluency and organization of ideas and rubrics for evaluation-Concept and process, pre-interview planning, opening strategies, answering strategies, interviewthrough tele-conference & video-conference and Mock Interviews.

**B. Tech III Year–II Sem****L T P C****Subject Code: 21PR6ME02****0 0 2 1****DOING ENGINEERING -2**

**Prerequisite:** Kinematics of the Machinery, Engineering Mechanics, Design of Machine Elements.

**Course Objectives:**

1. To familiarize, how assembly needs to be analysed.
2. To familiarize the virtual prototyping through doing engineering methodology.
3. To analyse the 3D models of various machine elements.
4. Interpretation of the results where the Theory of failures practically works.

**Assembly and Mechanism simulation**

1. Take two sub-assemblies of the equipment from Doing Engineering -1
2. Practice user examples on Mechanism Simulation using the software tool.
3. Force analysis/mechanism Simulation using Software Tool.
4. Practice User examples on Finite Element Analysis.
5. Perform the finite element analysis on the selected assembly .
6. Practice three examples of CFD using the software tool.
7. Make a video & report preparation of the above work.

**Text Books:**

1. Catalogs and production drawings of equipment
2. Training Manuals of SOILD WORKS/AUTOCAD/FUSION 360.
3. Design Thinking & Critical Thinking

**Course Outcomes:** At the end of the course students able to

1. Demonstrate competency in the assembly of the equipment.
2. Learn about the force analysis and compare it with the traditional approach of the theoretical-practical models.
3. Learn how to force analysis is transferred to do the finite Element Analysis for assemblies
4. Student will understand that How a practical equipment will be analysed with this method.

**Assessment: Three hours exam:**

1. 30 marks: Continuous Internal Evaluation
2. 70 Marks: External Evaluation

<b>CO-PO/PSO Mapping Chart</b> (3/2/1 indicates the strength of correlation) 3 – High; 2 – Medium; 1 - Low														
<b>Course Outcomes (COs)</b>	<b>Program Outcomes (POs)</b>												<b>Program Specific Outcomes*</b>	
	<b>PO 1</b>	<b>PO 2</b>	<b>PO 3</b>	<b>PO 4</b>	<b>PO 5</b>	<b>PO 6</b>	<b>PO 7</b>	<b>PO 8</b>	<b>PO 9</b>	<b>PO 10</b>	<b>PO 11</b>	<b>PO 12</b>	<b>PSO 1</b>	<b>PSO 2</b>
<b>CO1</b>	3	2			3				3	3				
<b>CO2</b>	3	2			3				3	3			2	2
<b>CO3</b>	3	2			3				3	3			2	2
<b>CO4</b>	3	2			3				3	3				

**Subject Code: 21MC6HS04**

**L T P C**  
**2 0 0 0**

**QUANTITATIVE APTITUDE**  
**(Common to CSE/EEE/ECE/CSM/CSD/CSC/CSO/ME)**

**Course Overview**

This course provides the basic skills required in solving the problems of Aptitude required by various companies for Campus Recruitment and competitive tests. The contents of course include solving problems on different concepts such as Permutations and Combinations, Averages, Percentages and Logarithms etc.

**Course Pre/co-requisites**

No prior knowledge is required.

**Course Objectives:**

1. To categorize, apply and use thought process to distinguish between concepts of Quantitative methods.
2. To prepare and explain the fundamentals related to various possibilities and probabilities related to quantitative aptitude.
3. To critically evaluate numerous possibilities related to puzzles.

**Course Outcomes (COs)**

After the completion of the course, the student will be able to:

1. Apply the concepts of ratios, proportions and percentages to solve problems.
2. Solve problems on Logarithms, permutations, combinations, clocks, and calendars.
3. Able to recall and use the concepts to solve problems numerical estimation with respect to company specific and competitive tests
4. Interpret data using graphs and charts.

**Module I:**

**Arithmetic ability:**-Algebraic operations- BODMAS – Fractions – Number system - Divisibility rules LCM&GCD (HCF), Simplification

**Ratio and Proportion:** Ratio, Proportion, Variations, Problems on Ages

**Module II:**

**Percentages, Simple Interest (SI) and Compound Interest (CI):** Fundamentals of Percentage, Percentage change, SI and CI, Relation between SI and CI.

**Profit and Loss, Partnerships:** Basic terminology in profit and loss, Types of partnership, Problems related to partnership

**Module III:**

Time and Work, Pipe and Cistern, Speed, Time and Distance, Problems on trains & boats, Calendar problems, Clock problems. Average, Mixtures and Alligation: Averages, Weighted average, Difference between mixture and alligation, Problems on Mixtures and alligation

**Module IV:**

**Data Interpretation:** Introduction, Tabulation, Bar Graph, Pie Charts, Line Graphs, Combined Graphs, Geometry: Lines and Angles, Triangle, Trigonometry, Circle, Height and Distance, Quadrilateral and Polygon

**Module V:**

Permutations and Combinations: Fundamentals counting principle, Definition of Permutation, Seating arrangement, Problems related to alphabets, Rank of the word, Problems related to numbers, Circular permutation, Combination. Logarithms: Fundamental formulae of logarithms and problems, finding number of terms on expanding a given number.

**Text Book:**

1. Quantitative Aptitude for competitive examinations, .R.S Aggarwal, S.Chand, 2017.

**Reference Books**

1. Quantitative Aptitude for competitive examinations, Abhijit Guha, 6<sup>th</sup> Edition, McGraw Hill Education.
2. Dinesh Khattar, The Pearson guide to Quantitative Aptitude for Competitive Examinations, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Pearson Education.

**Webresources:**

1. [www.m4maths.com](http://www.m4maths.com)
2. [www.Indiabix.com](http://www.Indiabix.com)

CO-PO/PSO Mapping Chart														
(3/2/1 indicates strength of correlation)														
3 – High; 2 – Medium; 1 - Low														
Course Outcomes (COs)	Program Outcomes (POs)												Program Specific Outcomes*	
	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12	PSO 1	PSO 2
CO1						2					2	3		
CO2						2					2	3		
CO3						2					2	3		
CO4						2					2	3		



<b>B. Tech III Year–II Sem</b>	<b>L</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>P</b>	<b>C</b>
<b>Subject Code: 21PE6ME21</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>3</b>

### **UNCONVENTIONAL MACHINING PROCESSES (PE-II)**

**Pre-requisite:** Production Technology and Machine Tools

**Course Objectives:**

1. To discuss the modeling technique for machining processes.
2. To discuss interpretation of data for process selection.
3. To discuss the mechanics and thermal issues associated with chip formation.
4. To discuss the effects of tool geometry on machining force components and surface finish.
5. To discuss the machining surface finish and material removal rate.

**Module I**

**Introduction** – Need for non-traditional machining methods-Classification of modern machining processes – considerations in process selection. Materials. Applications

**Ultrasonic machining** – Elements of the process, mechanics of metal removal process, parameters, economic considerations, applications and limitations, recent development.

**Module II**

**Abrasive Jet Machining, Water Jet Machining And Abrasive Water Jet Machining:** Basic principles, equipment, process variable, and mechanics of metal removal, MRR, application and limitations.

**Electro – Chemical Processes:** Fundamentals of electro chemical machining, electrochemical grinding, electro chemical honing and deburring processes, metal removal rate in ECM, Tool design, Surface finish and accuracy, economic aspects of ECM – Simple problems for estimation of metal removal rate

**Module III**

**Thermal Metal Removal Processes:** General Principle and applications of Electric Discharge Machining, Electric Discharge Grinding and electric discharge wire cutting processes.

Power circuits for EDM, Mechanics of metal removal in EDM, Process parameters, selection of tool electrode and dielectric fluids, methods surface finish and machining accuracy, characteristics of spark eroded surface Power circuits for EDM, Mechanics of metal removal in EDM, Process parameters, selection of tool electrode and dielectric fluids, methods surface finish and machining accuracy, characteristics of spark eroded surface

**Module IV**

Generation and control of electron beam for machining, theory of electron beam machining, comparison of thermal and non-thermal processes

General Principle and application of laser beam machining – thermal features, cutting speed and accuracy of cut.

### Module V

Application of plasma for machining, metal removing mechanism, process parameters, accuracy and surface finish and other applications of plasma in manufacturing industries

Chemical machining –principle - maskants - applications. Magnetic abrasive finishing, Abrasive flow finishing, Electro stream drilling, shaped tube electrolyte machining.

### Text Books:

1. Advanced Machining Processes / VK Jain / Allied publishers
2. Modern Machining Processes - P. C. Pandey, H. S. Shan/ Mc Graw Hill
3. "Advanced Machining Processes: Non traditional and Hybrid Machining Processes" by Hassan El-Hofy and Yusheng Shi, published by CRC Press

### Reference Books:

1. Unconventional Manufacturing Processes/ Singh M.K/ New Age Publishers
2. Advanced Methods of Machining/ J.A. McGeough/ Springer International
3. Non-Traditional Manufacturing Processes/ Benedict G.F./ CRC Press

### Course Outcomes:

- 1) Identify the selection of machining processes and its basic principle
- 2) Estimate the material removal rate and cutting force and Mention the real time application of unconventional machining process
- 3) Develop the economic aspects of the different unconventional machining process.
- 4) Analyze surface properties after machining without destructing the material

<b>CO-PO/PSO Mapping Chart</b> (3/2/1 indicates strength of correlation) 3 – High; 2 – Medium; 1 - Low														
Course Outcomes (COs)	Program Outcomes (POs)												Program Specific Outcomes*	
	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12	PSO 1	PSO 2
<b>CO1</b>	3	2											2	
<b>CO2</b>	3	2											2	
<b>CO3</b>	3	2											2	
<b>CO4</b>	3	2											2	
<b>CO5</b>	3	2											2	

\* If more PSOs are there in a particular branch, required no of columns can be added.

<b>B. Tech III Year–II Sem</b>	<b>L</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>P</b>	<b>C</b>
<b>Subject Code: 21PE6ME22</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>3</b>

### **PRODUCTION PLANNING AND CONTROL (PE-II)**

**Pre-requisite:** Production Technology

#### **Course Objectives:**

Course Objectives: Understand the importance of Production planning & control. Learning way of carrying out various functions so as to produce right product, right quantity at right time with minimum cost.

#### **Module I**

**Introduction:** Definition – Objectives of Production Planning and Control – Functions of production planning and control - Types of production systems - Organization of production planning and control department

**Forecasting** – Definition- uses of forecast- factors affecting the forecast- types of forecasting- their uses - general principle of forecasting. Forecasting techniques- quantitative and qualitative techniques. Measures of forecasting errors

#### **Module II**

**Inventory management** – Functions of inventories – relevant inventory costs – ABC analysis – VED analysis – Basic EOQ model- Inventory control systems –continuous review systems and periodic review systems, MRP I, MRP II, ERP, JIT Systems - Basic Treatment only

**Aggregate planning** – Definition – aggregate-planning strategies – aggregate planning methods – transportation model.

#### **Module III**

**Line Balancing:** Terminology, Methods of Line Balancing, RPW method, Largest Candidate method and Heuristic method.

**Routing** – Definition – Routing procedure – Factors affecting routing procedure, Route Sheet.

#### **Module IV**

**Scheduling** –Definition – Scheduling Policies – types of scheduling methods – differences with loading – flow shop scheduling – job shop scheduling,

line of balance (LOB) – objectives - steps involved.

#### **Module V**

**Dispatching:** Definition – activities of dispatcher – dispatching procedures – various forms used in dispatching.

**Follow up:** definition – types of follow up – expediting – definition – expediting procedures- Applications of computers in planning and control.

**Text Books:**

- 1."Operations Management" by Jay Heizer and Barry Render, published by Pearson Education
- 2.Production and Operations Management / Ajay K Garg / Mc Graw Hill.
- 3."Production Planning and Control: Text and Cases" by K. K. Chitkara, published by Tata McGraw Hill Education.

**Reference Books:**

- 1.Production Planning and Control- Text & cases/ SK Mukhopadhyaya /PHI.
2. Production Planning and Control- Jain & Jain – Khanna publications
- 3."Production Planning and Control for Semiconductor Wafer Fabrication Facilities: Modeling, Analysis, and Systems" by Andreas J. G. Reindl and Robert W. Grubbström, published by Springer

**Course Outcomes:**

- 1) Describe the theory of constraints for effective management of production systems
- 2) Evaluate MRP and JIT systems against traditional inventory control systems.
- 3) Analyze aggregate planning strategies
- 4) Apply forecasting and scheduling techniques to production systems

<b>CO-PO/PSO Mapping Chart</b> (3/2/1 indicates strength of correlation) 3 – High; 2 – Medium; 1 - Low														
<b>Course Outcomes (COs)</b>	<b>Program Outcomes (POs)</b>												<b>Program Specific Outcomes*</b>	
	<b>PO 1</b>	<b>PO 2</b>	<b>PO 3</b>	<b>PO 4</b>	<b>PO 5</b>	<b>PO 6</b>	<b>PO 7</b>	<b>PO 8</b>	<b>PO 9</b>	<b>PO 10</b>	<b>PO 11</b>	<b>PO 12</b>	<b>PSO 1</b>	<b>PSO 2</b>
<b>CO1</b>	3	2	2								1		2	
<b>CO2</b>	3	2	2								1		2	
<b>CO3</b>	3	2	2								1		2	
<b>CO4</b>	3	2	2								1		2	

\* If more PSOs are there in a particular branch, required no of columns can be added.

<b>B. Tech III Year–II Sem</b>	<b>L</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>P</b>	<b>C</b>
<b>Subject Code: 21PE6ME24</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>3</b>

### **COMPOSITE MATERIALS (PE-II)**

**Pre-requisites:** Metallurgy & Material Science

**Course Objectives:**

1. Develop understanding on the structure of composites.
2. Develop knowledge on reinforcement and interfacing in composites.
3. Outline the key processing techniques for producing metal matrix composites and polymer matrix composites.
4. Discuss the relationship among synthesis, processing, and properties in composite materials.

**SYLLABUS:**

**Module I**

**Introduction to Composite Materials :** Classification of Composite Materials

Definition, Classification of Composite based on structure, based on matrix.

**Constituents of Composite Materials:** Reinforcements, Matrix, Coupling Agents, Coatings & Fillers.

**Module II**

**Fabrication of Composite Materials :Reinforcements for Composite Materials**

Introduction, Glass Fibers, Boron Fibers, Carbon Fibers, Organic Fibers, Ceramic Fibers, Whiskers, Other Non-oxide Reinforcements, Comparison of Fibers

**Interfaces in Composite Materials:** Role of interfaces: Wettability and Bonding, The interface in Composites, Interactions and Types of bonding at the Interface, Tests for measuring Interfacial strength.

**Module III**

**Metal Matrix Composites:** Fabrication of Metal Matrix Composites Fabrication of Metal Matrix Composites: Solid state fabrication, Liquid state fabrication and In-situ fabrication techniques

**Interface in Metal Matrix Composites**

Interface in Metal Matrix Composites: Mechanical bonding, Chemical bonding and Interfaces in In-situ Composites; Discontinuously reinforced Metal Matrix Composites, Properties and Applications. Fabrication of Carbon fiber composites, properties, interface and applications

**Module IV**

**Polymeric Matrix Composites:** Fabrication of Polymeric Matrix Composites

Fabrication of Polymeric Matrix Composites, Structure and properties of Polymeric Matrix Composites

**Interface in Polymeric Matrix Composites:** Interface in Polymeric Matrix Composites, Applications; Fabrication of Ceramic Matrix Composites, Properties of Ceramic Matrix Composites, Interface in Ceramic Matrix Composites, Toughness of Ceramic Matrix Composites Applications of Ceramic Matrix Composites.

**Module V**

**Structural and Thermal Properties of Composites:** Micromechanics of Composites

Micromechanics of Composites: Density, Mechanical Properties: Prediction of Elastic constants, Micro mechanical approach, Halpin-Tsai equations, Transverse stresses

**Thermal properties of composites:** Thermal properties: Hydrothermal stresses and Mechanics of Load transfer from matrix to fiber

**Text Books:**

1. Composite Materials – Science & Engineering, K.K. Chawla, Springer-Verlag, New York, 1987.

2. An Introduction to Composite Materials, Hull, Cambridge, 2nd Edt. 1997.
3. "Mechanics of Composite Materials" by Autar K. Kaw, published by CRC Press.

**Reference Books:**

1. Composites, Engineered Materials Handbook, Vol. 1, ASM International, Ohio, 1988.
2. Structure and Properties of Composites, Materials Science and Technology, Vol. 13, VCH, Weinheim, Germany, 1993.
3. Composite Materials: Engineering and Science, F.L. Matthews and R.D. Rawlings, Chapman & Hall, London, 1994

**Web References:** <https://youtu.be/2uCzruEduDs>

**Course Outcomes:** At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

- CO1** Describe various types of composites and their applications.
- CO2** Discuss how common fibers are produced and how the properties of the fibers are related to the internal structure.
- CO3** Analyze various thermal and structural properties of composites.
- CO4** Describe key processing methods for fabricating composites.

**CO-PO Mapping:**

<b>CO-PO/PSO Mapping Chart</b> (3/2/1 indicates strength of correlation) 3 – High; 2 – Medium; 1 –Low														
<b>Course Outcomes (COs)</b>	<b>Program Outcomes (POs)</b>												<b>Program Specific Outcomes *</b>	
	<b>PO 1</b>	<b>PO 2</b>	<b>PO 3</b>	<b>PO 4</b>	<b>PO 5</b>	<b>PO 6</b>	<b>PO 7</b>	<b>PO 8</b>	<b>PO 9</b>	<b>PO 10</b>	<b>PO 11</b>	<b>PO 12</b>	<b>PSO 1</b>	<b>PSO 2</b>
<b>CO1</b>	3	2	1											
<b>CO2</b>	3	2	2	1	1								1	
<b>CO3</b>	3	2	1		1									
<b>CO4</b>	3	2	1	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	1

<b>B. Tech III Year–IISem</b>	<b>L</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>P</b>	<b>C</b>
<b>Subject Code: 21PE6ME23</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>3</b>

### **FINITE ELEMENT METHODS (PE-II)**

**Pre-requisites:** Mechanics of Solids, KOM and DOM

**Course Objectives:**

The course content enables students to:

- Basics of Finite Element Analysis.
- Available material models for structural materials, soils and interfaces/joints.
- Modelling of engineering systems and Soil–Structure Interaction(SSI).
- Importance of interfaces and joints on the behaviour of engineering systems.
- Implementation of material model in finite element method and applications

#### **Module I**

**Introduction to Finite Element Methods:** General Procedure – Engineering Applications – Stress and Equilibrium, Strain–Displacement relations. Stress–strain relations:

Finite Elements: 1-Dimensional, 2– Dimensional, 3-Dimensional & Interpolation Elements.

**One Dimensional Problems:** 1-D Linear and 1-D Quadratic Elements - Finite element modelling, Coordinates and shape functions. Assembly of Global stiffness matrix and load vector. Finite element equations, Treatment of boundary conditions, Quadratic shape functions.

#### **Module II**

**Analysis of Trusses:** Derivation of Stiffness Matrix for Plane Truss, Displacement of Stress Calculations.

**Analysis of Beams:** Element stiffness matrix for two noded, two degrees of freedom per node beam element, Load Vector, Deflection.

#### **Module III**

**Finite element modelling of two-dimensional.** Finite element modeling of two-dimensional stress analysis with constant strain triangles and treatment of boundary conditions, Estimation of Load Vector, Stresses

**Finite element modelling of Axi-symmetric** solids subjected to Axi-symmetric loading with triangular elements. Two dimensional four noded Isoperimetric elements and numerical integration.

#### **Module IV**

**Steady State Heat Transfer Analysis:** one dimensional analysis of Slab, fin and two-dimensional analysis of thin plates.

**Steady State Heat Transfer Analysis** and two-dimensional analysis of thin plate

**Module V**

**Dynamic Analysis:** Formulation of finite element model, element - Mass matrices, evaluation of Eigen values and Eigen vectors for a stepped bar, truss and beam.

**Finite element – formulation** to 3 D problems in stress analysis, convergence requirements, Mesh generation. techniques such as semi-automatic and fully Automatic use of software's such as ANSYS ,ABAQUS ,NASTRAN using Hexahedral and Tetrahedral Elements

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Finite Element Methods: Basic Concept sand applications/Alavala/PHI
2. Introduction to Finite Elements in Engineering ,Chandrupatla ,Ashok and Belegundu/Pearson
3. "Introduction to Finite Elements in Engineering" by Tirupathi R. Chandrupatla and Ashok D. Belegundu, published by Prentice Hall.

**REFERENCEBOOKS:**

1. An Introductionto theFinite ElementMethod /J.N.Reddy/McGrawHill
2. FiniteElementAnalysis/SS Bhavikatti/NewAge
3. FiniteElement Method/ Dixit/Cengage

**Equivalent Mooc Courses if any:**

<https://nptel.ac.in/courses/112102015>

**Course Outcomes:**

CO1.-Discuss the basic concepts and principles related to finite element methods.

CO2 – Apply FEM process for bars, trusses, beams, axi- symmetric and isoperimetric elements.

CO3 - Calculate heat transfer for 1D and 2D elements using FEM.

CO4 - Solve dynamic analysis problems of FEM in bars, truss and beams.

<b>CO-PO/PSO Mapping Chart</b> (3/2/1 indicates strength of correlation) 3 – High; 2 – Medium; 1 - Low														
<b>Course Outcomes (COs)</b>	<b>Program Outcomes (POs)</b>												<b>Program Specific Outcomes*</b>	
	<b>PO 1</b>	<b>PO 2</b>	<b>PO 3</b>	<b>PO 4</b>	<b>PO 5</b>	<b>PO 6</b>	<b>PO 7</b>	<b>PO 8</b>	<b>PO 9</b>	<b>PO 10</b>	<b>PO 11</b>	<b>PO 12</b>	<b>PSO 1</b>	<b>PSO 2</b>
<b>CO1</b>	3		2			1							2	1
<b>CO2</b>	3		2			1							2	1
<b>CO3</b>	3		2			1							2	1
<b>CO4</b>	3		2			1							2	1

<b>B.Tech III Year – VI Sem</b>	<b>L</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>P</b>	<b>C</b>
<b>Subject Code: 21OE6CS09</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>3</b>

## **Object Oriented Programming Using Java**

**Prerequisites:** Programming in C

### **Course Objectives:**

1. Understand fundamental concepts and object oriented concepts in Java
2. Implementing the concept of packages and exception handling in Java.
3. Implement the concept of multithreading and inter process communication in Java.
4. Develop GUI applications.

### **Course Outcomes:**

1. Solve the given problem using OOPS technique.
2. Explain the concept of Package and Exception Handling.
3. Implement Multi threading and Inter process communication in java
4. Develop GUI based applications using applet, AWT , Event handling and swing.

### **Module - I**

**History and Evolution of java:** Java's lineage, Java and internet, Byte code, Java buzzwords, Evolution of java.

**Object oriented programming** - data, types, variables, Arrays, operators, control statements, type conversion and casting, Introduction to classes, objects, methods, constructor, this and static keywords , garbage collection, overloading methods, parameter passing, access control, command line arguments, exploring String class

**Inheritance:** member access and inheritance, Multilevel Inheritance, super and final keywords, method overriding, dynamic method dispatch, abstract classes and methods.

### **Module- II**

**Packages and Interfaces:** Defining, Creating and Accessing a Package, understanding CLASSPATH, importing packages, Differences between classes and interfaces, defining an interface, implementing interface, applying interfaces, variables in interface and extending interfaces.

**Exception handling:** Concepts of exception handling and its benefits, usage of try, catch, throw, throws and finally, built in exceptions, creating own exceptions.

### **Module -III**

**Multithreading:** Differences between multi-threading and multi programming, thread life cycle, creating threads using thread class and Run able interface, thread priorities, synchronization , inter thread communication.

**I/O Streams:** Stream classes, Byte and character streams, File class, reading and writing files, reading and writing from console, serialization.

### **Module -IV**

**Applets:** Concepts of Applets, differences between applets and applications, life cycle of an applet, creating applets, passing parameters to applets.



**B. Tech III Year – VI Sem**  
**Subject Code:21OE6EC02**

<b>L</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>P</b>	<b>C</b>
3	0	0	3

## **Fundamentals of Digital Electronics**

**(Open Elective)**

**Prerequisite:** Basic knowledge on computers

### **Course Objectives:**

This course provides in-depth knowledge of Digital logic techniques of digital circuits, which is the basis for design of any digital circuit.

1. To learn basic techniques for the design of digital circuits and fundamental concepts used in the design of digital systems.
2. To impart the concepts of combinational, sequential logic circuits.
3. To learn the concepts of sequential circuits, enabling them to analyse sequential systems in terms of state machines.

**Course Outcomes:** Upon completion of the course, the student should be able to

1. Explain the numerical information in different forms and Boolean Algebra theorems
2. Solve Boolean expressions using Boolean Theorems-maps
3. Design and analyze combinational and sequential circuits
4. Implement logic families and realization of logic gates

### **Module I: Number Systems & Boolean Algebra:**

**Number Systems:** Number base conversions: Binary, Octal, Decimal, Hexa-decimal, Complements of Numbers, Codes- Weighted and Non-weighted codes and its Properties, Parity check code and Hamming code.

**Boolean algebra:** Basic Theorems and Properties, Switching Functions- Canonical and Standard Form, Algebraic Simplification, Digital Logic Gates, EX-OR gates, Universal Gates. The Karnaugh Map Method, don't care map entries, Prime and Essential Implicants.

### **Module II: Combinational Logic Circuits:**

**Basic Arithmetic Circuits-** Half adder, Full adder, Half subtractor, Full subtractor, 4-bit parallel adder/subtractor. BCD Adder

**Combinational logic circuits:** 2-bit comparator, Multiplexers, Implementation of Boolean functions using Multiplexers, Decoders, Implementation of Boolean functions using Decoder, Demultiplexers, Encoder, Priority Encoder, Code converters.

### **Module III: Sequential Circuits Fundamentals:**

**Introduction to Sequential Circuits:** Basic Architectural Distinctions between Combinational and Sequential circuits, SR Latch, Flip Flops: SR, JK, JK Master Slave, D and T Type Flip Flops,

**Flip flop Conversions:** Excitation Table of all Flip Flops, Timing and Triggering Consideration, Conversion from one type of Flip-Flop to another.



**B. Tech III Year–VI Sem****L T P C****Subject Code: 21OE6ME02****3 0 0 3****TOTAL QUALITY MANAGEMENT & SIX SIGMA APPLICATIONS****Pre-requisite:** Management Science & Production Technology, Machine Tools**Course Objectives:**

1. To understand the quality concepts and tools
2. To discuss about techniques relating to total quality management.
3. To understand the Principles and Practices of TQM
4. To understand the implementation of ISO 9000 AND Six sigma in a system

**Module I**

Introduction: The concept of TQM, Quality and Business performance, attitude, and involvement of top management, communication, culture and management systems.

Management of Process Quality: Definition of quality, Quality Control, a brief history, Product Inspection vs. Process Control, Statistical Quality Control.

Management of Process Quality: Definition of quality, Quality Control, a brief history, Product Inspection vs. Process Control, Statistical Quality Control, Control Charts and Acceptance Sampling.

**Module II**

Customer Focus and Satisfaction: Process vs. Customer, internal customer conflict, quality focus, Customer Satisfaction, role of Marketing and Sales, Buyer – Supplier relationships.

Bench Marking: Evolution of Bench Marking, meaning of bench marking, benefits of bench marketing, the bench marking procedure.

**Module III**

Organizing for TQM: The systems approach, organizing for quality implementation, making the transition from a traditional to a TQM organization, Quality Circles, seven Tools

Seven Tools of TQM: Stratification, check sheet, Scatter diagram, Ishikawa diagram, pane to diagram, Kepner& Tregoe Methodology.

**Module IV**

The Cost of Quality: Definition of the Cost of Quality, Quality Costs, Measuring Quality Costs, use of Quality Cost information, Accounting Systems and Quality Management.

Use of Quality Cost information, Accounting Systems and Quality Management.

**Module V**

ISO9000: Universal Standards of Quality: ISO around the world, The ISO9000 ANSI/ASQC Q- 90. Series Standards, benefits of ISO9000 certification, the third party audit.

Documentation ISO9000 and services, the cost of certification implementing the system.

Six sigma and applications of sixsigma.

**Text Books:**

1. Total Quality Management / Joel E. Ross/Taylor and Franscis Limited.
2. Total Quality Management/P. N. Mukherjee/PHI
3. "Lean Six Sigma: Combining Six Sigma with Lean Speed" by Michael L. George, David Rowlands, and Bill Kastle, published by McGraw-Hill Education
- 4.

**Reference Books:**

1. Beyond TQM / Robert L.Flood
2. Statistical Quality Control / E.L. Grant.
3. Total Quality Management:A Practical Approach/H. Lal
- 4.

**Course Outcomes:** At the end of the course, the students will be able to

- 1) Understand the fundamental principles of Total Quality Management.
- 2) Analyze the different quality approaches
- 3) Evaluate the different tools in Total Quality Management
- 4) Describe the importance and implementing of ISO9000 in the system and Six sigma

<b>CO-PO/PSO Mapping Chart</b> (3/2/1 indicates strength of correlation) 3 – High; 2 – Medium; 1 - Low														
<b>Course Outcomes (COs)</b>	<b>Program Outcomes (POs)</b>												<b>Program Specific Outcomes*</b>	
	<b>PO 1</b>	<b>PO 2</b>	<b>PO 3</b>	<b>PO 4</b>	<b>PO 5</b>	<b>PO 6</b>	<b>PO 7</b>	<b>PO 8</b>	<b>PO 9</b>	<b>PO 10</b>	<b>PO 11</b>	<b>PO 12</b>	<b>PSO 1</b>	<b>PSO 2</b>
<b>CO1</b>	3	2						1	2	2	2	2	2	
<b>CO2</b>	3	2	2					1	2	2	2	2	2	
<b>CO3</b>	3	2	2					1	2	2	2	2	2	
<b>CO4</b>	3	2	2					1	2	2	2	2	2	

\* If more PSOs are there in a particular branch, required no of columns can be added.

**B.Tech III Year – VI Sem****L T P C****Subject Code: 21OE6EE02****3 0 0 3**

**FUNDAMENTALS OF INDUSTRIAL ELECTRONICS  
OPEN ELECTIVE II  
ALL BRANCHES EXCEPT EEE**

**Pre-requisite:** Basic Electrical and Electronics Engineering or Analog and Digital Circuits

**Course Objectives:**

- 1) To Design/develop suitable power converter for efficient control or conversion of power in drive applications.
- 2) To Design / develop suitable power converter for efficient transmission and utilization of power in Industrial applications.

**Course Outcomes: At the end of course student will be able to do**

- 1) CO1 – Understand the differences between signal level and power level devices.
- 2) CO2 – Analyze controlled rectifier circuits.
- 3) CO3 – Analyze the operation of DC-DC choppers.
- 4) CO4 – Analyze the operation of voltage source inverters.

**Module I: Power Switching Devices and Protection Circuits**

**Power Switching Devices:**

Types of power converters; Power semiconductor switches and their V-I characteristics - Power Diodes, Power BJT, Power MOSFET, Power IGBT. SCR VI Characteristics, Switching characteristics.

Thyristor voltage and current ratings and protection using Snubber Circuit.

**Module II: Triggering and Commutation**

**Triggering Circuits:** R, RC and UJT triggering circuits

**Commutation Circuits:** Types of Commutation circuits (Class A, B,C,D,E,F)

**Module III: Rectifiers**

**Single Phase Rectifier:** Principles of single-phase half-controlled converter with R, RL and RLE load. Principles of single-phase fully-controlled converter with RLE load. Problems on Single phase Rectifiers.



**B. Tech III Year–VI Sem**  
**Subject Code: 21OE6CM06**

<b>L</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>P</b>	<b>C</b>
<b>3</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>3</b>

## **Expert Systems**

### **Prerequisite:**

1. Artificial Intelligence

### **Course Objectives:**

1. Understand Expert Systems and their applications.
2. Illustrate Fuzzy Logic Concepts with an example.
3. Understand the Genetic Algorithm and its applications.
4. Explain the components of Expert System building and its tools.

### **Module-I**

#### **Overview of Expert Systems:**

Introduction to Expert System: Characteristics of Expert System, Advantages and Disadvantages of Expert Systems, Different types of Expert Systems: Rule-based Expert Systems, Knowledge-based Expert Systems, Model-based, Case-based, and Hybrid Expert Systems, Working Architecture of Expert Systems, Components of Expert Systems, Applications of Expert Systems, Techniques for extracting the knowledge from Domain Experts.

### **Module – II**

#### **Knowledge Representation:**

Representations and Mapping: General goal of Knowledge Representation, Approaches to Knowledge Representation: Simple Relational Knowledge, Inheritable Knowledge, Inferential Knowledge, Procedural Knowledge or Operational Knowledge, Classification of Knowledge Representation Systems: Logics (Predicate Logic, Description Logic, Nonmonotonic Logic); Procedural Schemas (Production rules), Structural Schemas (Weak slot-and-filler structures, Strong slot-and-filler structures), Knowledge-Based Systems.

### **Module - III**

#### **Fuzzy Logic:**

Introduction to Fuzzy Logic, Fuzzy set theory, Fuzzy sets: Operation on Fuzzy sets, Scalar cardinality, fuzzy cardinality, union and intersection, complement, equilibrium points, aggregation, projection, composition, decomposition, cylindrical extension, fuzzy relation, Fuzzy membership functions, Fuzzy Expert Systems, Fuzzy Decision Making, Applications of Fuzzy System, De-fuzzification.

### **Module – IV**

#### **Genetic Algorithms:**

Introduction to Genetic Algorithms (GA), Representation, Operators in GA, Fitness function, population, building block hypothesis and schema theorem; Genetic algorithms operators-methods of selection, crossover and mutation, Simple GA(SGA), Different types of GA, generation gap, steady state GA, Applications of GA.

### **Module – V**

#### **Development of Expert System:**



## **Data Mining and Data Analytics**

### **Course Objective**

1. Understand the concepts of Data Mining
2. Familiarize with association rule mining
3. Familiarize various classification algorithms
4. Understand the concepts of Cluster analysis
5. Implement the Data mining concepts with various domains

### **Course Outcomes:**

1. Discuss various Data Mining Principles.
2. Analyze the impact of data analytics for business decisions and strategy.
3. Apply the Association, Clustering rules for mining the data.
4. Design various classification techniques.

### **Module I**

Introduction to Data warehouse, Difference between operational database systems and data warehouses. Data warehouse Characteristics, Data warehouse Architecture.

Introduction: What is Data Mining, Definition, KDD, Challenges, Data Mining Tasks, Data Preprocessing, Data Cleaning, Missing data, Dimensionality Reduction, Feature Subset Selection, Discretization and Binarization, Data Transformation; Measures of Similarity and Dissimilarity – Basics.

### **Module II**

Data Analytics: Introduction to Analytics, Introduction to Tools and Environment, Application of Modeling in Business, Databases & Types of Data and variables. Data Modeling Techniques, Missing Imputations etc. Need for Business Modeling.

### **Module III**

Regression – Concepts, Blue property assumptions, Least Square Estimation, Variable Rationalization, and Model Building etc.

Logistic Regression: Model Theory, Model fit Statistics, Model Construction, Analytics applications to various Business Domains etc.

### **Module IV**

Association Rule Mining & Classification: Mining Frequent Patterns–Associations and correlations – Mining Methods–Mining Various kinds of Association Rules– Correlation Analysis.

Classification: Classification and Prediction – Basic concepts–Decision tree induction– Bayesian classification, Lazy learner.



**B.Tech III Year – VI Sem**  
**Subject Code: 21OE6CO05**

<b>L</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>P</b>	<b>C</b>
<b>3</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>3</b>

## **SENSORS AND DEVICES**

Prerequisite: IoT, ADE

### **Course Objectives:**

- To introduce the terminology, technology and its applications
- To introduce the concept of M2M (machine to machine) with necessary protocols
- To introduce the Python Scripting Language which is used in many IoT devices
- To introduce the Raspberry PI platform, that is widely used in IoT applications
- To introduce the implementation of web-based services on IoT devices

### **Course Outcomes:**

- Understand the IoT value chain structure (device, data cloud), application areas and technologies involved.
- Analyse IoT sensors and technological challenges faced by IoT devices, with a focus on wireless, energy, power, and sensing modules
- Market forecast for IoT devices with a focus on sensors
- Explore Internet of Things with the help of preparing projects designed for Raspberry Pi

### **MODULE-I:**

**Introduction to Internet of Things-** Definition and Characteristics of IoT, Sensors, Physical Design of IoT – IoT Protocols, IoT communication models, IoT enabled Technologies – Wireless Sensor Networks, Cloud Computing, Embedded Systems

**Types:** Domain Specific IoTs – Home, City, Environment, Energy, Agriculture and Industry.

### **MODULE-II:**

**IoT** - Software defined networks, network function virtualization, difference between SDN and NFV for IoT

**M2M** Basics of IoT System Management with NETCOZF, YANG- NETCONF, YANG, SNMP NETOPEER

### **MODULE-III:**

**IoT Physical Devices and Endpoints-** Introduction to Arduino and Raspberry Pi

**Programming** – Interfaces (serial, SPI, I2C), Python program with Raspberry PI with focus on interfacing external gadgets, controlling output, reading input from pins.

### **MODULE-IV:**

**Controlling Hardware-** Connecting LED, Buzzer, Switching High Power devices with transistors, speed control of DC Motor, unipolar and bipolar Stepper motors

**Sensors-** Light sensor, temperature sensor with thermistor, voltage sensor, ADC and DAC, Temperature and Humidity Sensor DHT11, Motion Detection Sensors, Wireless Bluetooth Sensors, Level Sensors, USB Sensors

### **MODULE-V:**

**IoT Physical Servers and Cloud Offerings**– Introduction to Cloud Storage models and communication APIs Webserver – Web server for IoT, Cloud for IoT



**B. Tech III Year–VI Sem**  
**Subject Code: 21OE6CC02**

<b>L</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>P</b>	<b>C</b>
<b>3</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>3</b>

## **COMPUTER HARDWARE AND SYSTEM ESSENTIALS**

**Prerequisites:** Nil

**Course Objectives:**

- Computer hardware essentials is designed to introduce students to a basic understanding of the different types of computing devices, computer components (CPU, memory, power supplies, etc.), and operating systems.
- It also introduces building a fully functional Linux and Installing applications.
- Understand the basic of circuit building.

**Course Outcomes:**

**At the end of course, students will be able to:**

CO1: Understanding the working principles of different computing devices (desktop computers, laptops, etc.).

CO2: Understand connection interfaces between peripheral devices, storage devices, displays.

CO3: Understand the procedure for Installation of OS - Linux and supporting, upgrading and new applications.

CO4: Understand the concepts of number system and circuit building.

**Module 1:**

Components of Computer System: Computer Memory: Secondary storage device types, Basic Principles of operation: Sequential Access device, Direct Access device -Magnetic disks,Optical disks, memory storage devices, Ports: Serial and Parallel Ports, Specialized Expansion Ports: SCSI, USB, MIDI, Expansion Slots and Boards, PC Cards, Plug and Play, HDMI ports, networking ports. System software: bootstrap module, configuration.

**Module 2:**

OS loading: typical Linux virtual machine. Installing a Linux virtual machine. Using package manager to install/update software. Understanding disk partitions and obtaining partition information using system tools. Obtaining essential system resource utilization and information using system tools and proc file system: disk utilization, memory utilization, process information, CPU utilization.

**Module 3:**

Operating System: Introduction, Objectives, classification and functions of Operating System, Basics of popular operating system (LINUX, WINDOWS). Kernel prompt, Shell commands.

The User Interface: Task Bar, Icons, Menu, Running an Application. Operating System Simple Setting: Changing System Date and Time, Changing Display Properties, To Add or

Remove a Windows Component, Changing Mouse Properties, Adding and removing Printers. File and Directory Management: Creating and renaming of files and directories, Common utilities. Interrupts statements in various OS and its uses.

**Module 4:**

Number systems - Signed and Unsigned numbers arithmetic, Binary, Decimal, Octal, Hex, BCD etc. Introduction to logic circuits: Variables and functions, Inversion- Truth tables – Logic Gates and Networks - Boolean algebra - Synthesis using gates - Design examples – Optimized implementation of logic functions: Karnaugh map - Strategy for minimization – Minimization of product of sums forms - Incompletely specified functions - Multiple output circuits – Tabular method for minimization.

**Module 5:**

Combinational circuit building blocks: Multiplexers - Decoders - Encoders, Sequential circuit building blocks: Flipflops-SR, JK, D and T- Registers - Counters  
- A simple sequential circuit design example from state diagram.

**Textbook:**

1. Brookshear JG. Computer science: an overview. Eleventh Edition, Addison-Wesley Publishing Company; 2011.
2. Givone DD. Digital Principles and Design. Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company Limited; 2003.
3. Mano MM, Ciletti MD. Digital Design with Introduction to the Verilog HDL. Fifth Edition, Pearson Education; 2015.

**References:**

1. Norton, Peter. Introduction to computers. Sixth edition, Tata McGraw-HILL; 2008.
2. Wakerly JF. Digital Design Principles and Practices. Fourth Edition, Pearson Education; 2008.
3. Sinha, Pradeep K., and Priti Sinha. Computer fundamentals. BPB publications; 2010.

**CO-PO/PSO Mapping:**

CO-PO	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	PSO 1	PSO2	PSO3
CO-1			2				3								
CO-2				2											
CO-3					2	2									
CO-4		1						3							